

MGate 5114 Series User Manual

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www.moxa.com/products

MOXA®

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MGate 5114 Series User Manual

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1. Introduction

Welcome to the MGate 5114 series of gateways that feature easy protocol conversion between Modbus RTU/ASCII/TCP, IEC 60870-5-101/104 protocols. This chapter is an introduction to the MGate 5114 Series. This chapter covers the following topics:

Overview

The MGate 5114 is an industrial Ethernet gateway for Modbus RTU/ASCII/TCP, IEC 60870-5-101, and IEC 61870-5-104 network communications. To integrate existing Modbus or IEC 60870-5-101 devices into a IEC 60870-5-104 network, use the MGate 5114 as a Modbus client/master or IEC 60870-5-101 master to collect data and exchange data with IEC 60870-5-104 system.

Package Checklist

All models of the MGate 5114 Series are shipped with the following items:

Standard Accessories:

- 1 MGate 5114 gateway
- 1 Serial cable: DBL-RJ45F9-150
- Quick installation guide (printed)
- Warranty card



NOTE

Notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Optional Accessories (can be purchased separately)

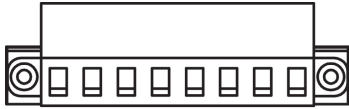
- CBL-F9M9-150: DB9-female-to-DB9-male serial cable, 150 cm
- CBL-F9M9-20: DB9-female-to-DB9-male serial cable, 20 cm
- CBL-RJ45F9-150: RJ45-to-DB9-female serial cable, 150 cm
- CBL-RJ45SF9-150: RJ45-to-DB9-female serial shielded cable, 150 cm
- Mini DB9F-to-TB DB9: Female-to-terminal-block connector
- DK-25-01: 1 DIN-rail kit with 2 screws
- WK-36-02: Wall-mounting kit, 2 plates with 6 screws
- CBL-PJTB-10: Non-locking barrel plug to bare-wire cable



Product Features

- Protocol conversion between Modbus RTU/ASCII/TCP, IEC 60870-5-101, IEC 60870-5-104
- Supports IEC 60870-5-101 master/slave (balanced/unbalanced mode)
- Supports IEC 60870-5-104 client/server
- Step-by-step guide with wizard configuration
- Complete packet analysis and diagnostic information for maintenance
- Embedded Modbus and IEC 101/104 traffic monitoring
- Redundant dual DC power inputs and one relay output
- microSD card for configuration backup and event logs
- -40 to 75°C wide operating temperature models available
- Serial port with 2 kV built-in isolation protection
- Built-in Ethernet cascading for easy wiring
- Security features based on IEC-62443 standards

2. Hardware

Power Input and Relay Output Pinouts



	V2+	V2-				V1+	V1-
Shielded Ground	DC Power Input 2	DC Power Input 2	N.O.	Common	N.C.	DC Power Input 1	DC Power Input 1

LED Indicators

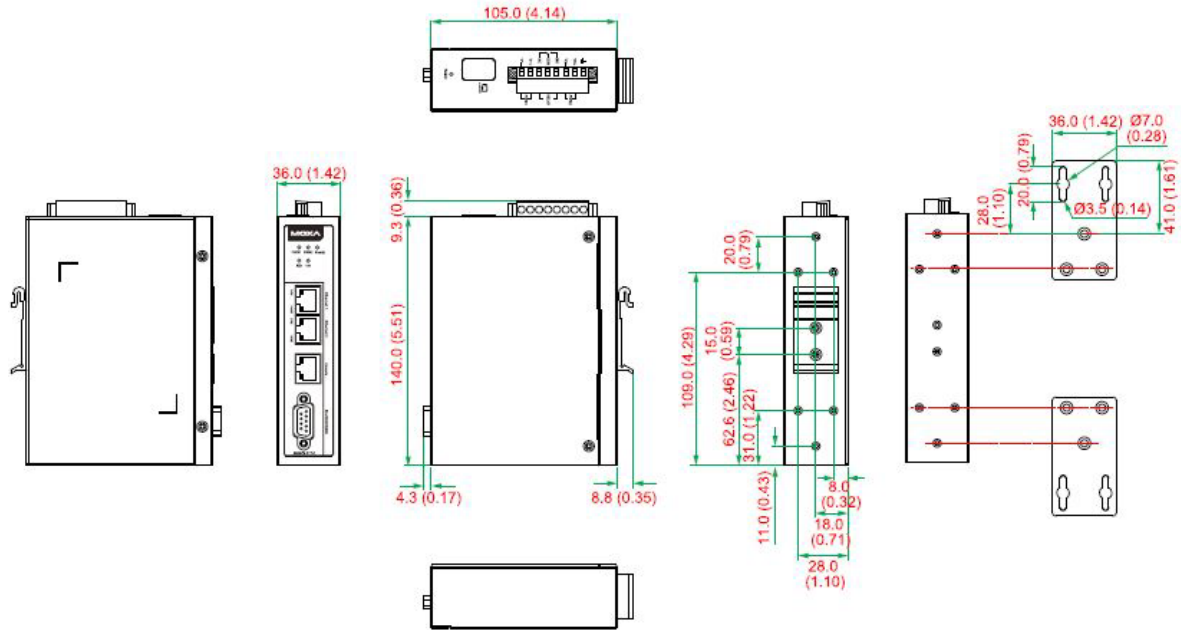
Agent Mode:

LED	Color	Description
Ready	Off	Power is off or a fault condition exists
	Green	Steady: Power is on, and the MGate is functioning normally
	Red	Steady: Power is on, and the MGate is booting up
		Blinking slowly: Indicates an IP conflict, or the DHCP or BOOTP server is not responding properly Flashing quickly: microSD card failed
MB*	Off	No serial communication with the Modbus device
	Green	Normal Modbus serial communication in progress
	Red	Communication error When the MGate 5114 acts as a Modbus RTU/ASCII client/master: 1. Server/slave device returned an error (exception) 2. Received a frame error (parity error, checksum error) 3. Timeout (the client/master sends but no response) When the MGate 5114 acts as a Modbus RTU/ASCII server/slave: 1. Received an invalid function code The client/master accessed an invalid register address or coil address 2. Received a framing error (parity error, checksum error)
101*	Off	No connection with the IEC 60870-5-101 device
	Green	Normal IEC 60870-5-101 serial communication in progress
	Red	An error in serial communication occurred when the MGate 5114 acts as an IEC 60870-5-101 master: Received a server/slave exception (format error, checksum error, invalid data, slave responds are not supported) When the MGate 5114 acts as an IEC 60870-5-101 slave: Received a client/master exception (format error, checksum error, invalid data)

*Only indicates serial communication status; for IEC 60870-5-104 or Modbus TCP status, refer to the LED indicator on the Ethernet port.

Dimensions

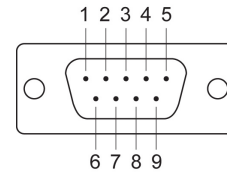
Unit: mm (inch)



Pin Assignments

Serial Port (Male DB9)

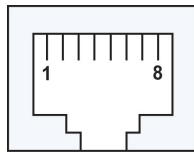
Pin	RS-232	RS-422/RS-485 (4W)	RS-485 (2W)
1	DCD	TxD-(A)	-
2	RXD	TxD+(B)	-
3	TXD	RxD+(B)	Data+(B)
4	DTR	RxD-(A)	Data-(A)
5*	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR	-	-
7	RTS	-	-
8	CTS	-	-
9	-	-	-



*Signal ground

Ethernet Port (RJ45)

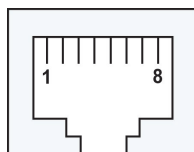
Pin	Signal
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
6	Rx-



Console Port (RS-232)

The MGate 5114 Series can use an RJ45 serial port to connect to a PC for device configuration.

Pin	RS-232
1	DSR
2	RTS
3	GND
4	TXD
5	RXD
6	DCD
7	CTS
8	DTR

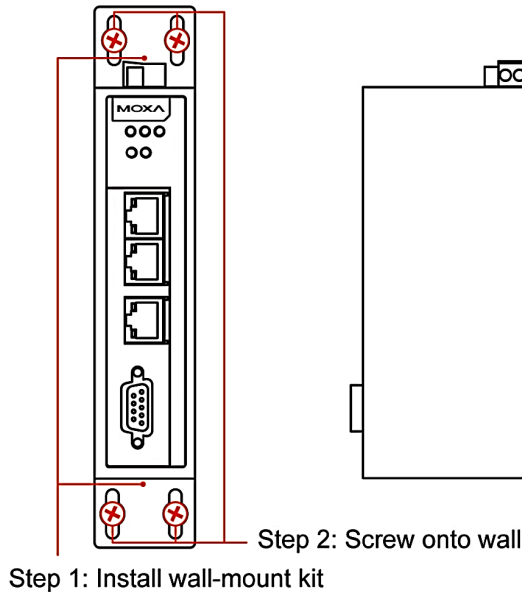


Hardware Installation Procedure

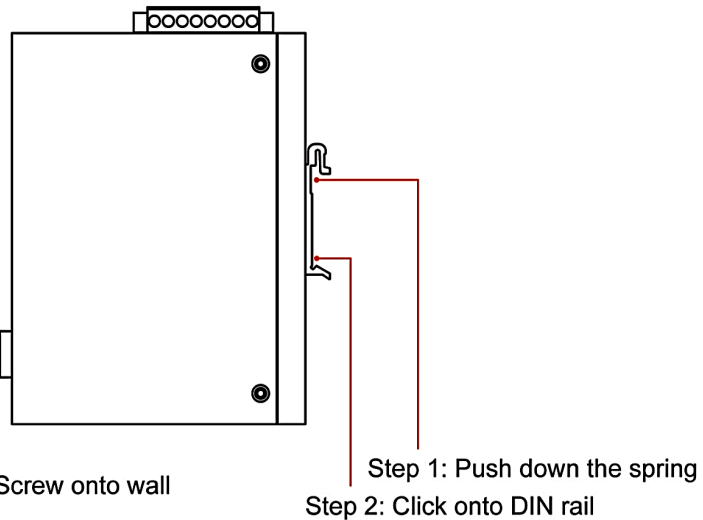
- Connect the power adapter. Connect the 12-48 VDC power line or DIN-rail power supply to the MGate 5114's terminal block.
- Use a serial cable to connect the MGate to the Modbus RTU/ASCII or IEC 60870-5-101 device.
- Use an Ethernet cable to connect the MGate to the Modbus TCP or IEC 60870-5-104 device.
- The MGate 5114 is designed to be attached to a DIN rail or mounted on a wall. For DIN-rail mounting, push down the spring and properly attach it to the DIN rail until it snaps into place. For wall mounting, install the wall-mount kit (optional) first and then screw the device onto the wall.

The following figure illustrates the two mounting options:

Wall-Mount Installation



DIN-Rail Installation



Specifications

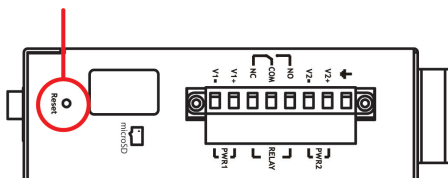


NOTE

The latest specifications for Moxa's products can be found at <https://www.moxa.com>.

Reset Button

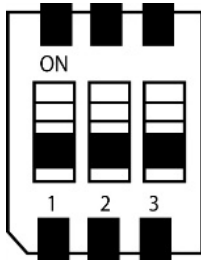
Reset Button



Restore the MGate to factory default settings by using a pointed object (such as a straightened paper clip) to hold the reset button down until the Ready LED stops blinking (approx. five seconds).

Pull-High, Pull-Low, and Terminator for RS-485

Remove the MGate 5114's top cover, and you will find DIP switches to adjust each serial port's pull-high resistor, pull-low resistor, and terminator.



SW	1	2	3
	Pull-high resistor	Pull-low resistor	Terminator
ON	1 k Ω	1 k Ω	120 Ω
OFF	150 k Ω *	150 k Ω *	-*

*Default

microSD

The MGate 5114 provides users with an easy way to back up, copy, replace, or deploy. The MGate is equipped with a microSD card slot. Users can plug in a microSD card to backup data, including the system configuration setting, and system data log.

First time using the MGate gateway with a new microSD card

1. Format the microSD card as a FAT file system through a PC.
2. Power off the MGate and insert the microSD card (ensure that the microSD card is empty).
3. Power on the MGate. The default settings will be copied to the microSD card.
4. Manually configure the MGate via the web console, and all the stored changes will be copied to the microSD card for synchronization.

First time using the MGate with a microSD card containing a configuration file

1. Power off the MGate and insert the microSD card.
2. Power on the MGate.
3. The configuration file stored on the microSD card will be copied to the MGate.

Duplicating current configurations to another MGate gateway

1. Power off the MGate and insert a new microSD card.
2. Power on the MGate.
3. The configuration will be copied from the MGate to the microSD card.
4. Power off the MGate and insert the microSD card into the other MGate.
5. Power on the second MGate.
6. The configuration file stored on the microSD card will automatically copy to the MGate.

Malfunctioning MGate replacement

1. Replace the malfunctioning MGate with a new MGate.
2. Insert the microSD card into the new MGate.
3. Power on the MGate.
4. The configuration file stored on the microSD card will automatically be copied to the MGate.

microSD card writing failure

The following circumstances may cause the microSD card to experience a writing failure:

1. The microSD card has less than 20 Mbytes of free space remaining.
2. The microSD card is write-protected.
3. The file system is corrupted.
4. The microSD card is damaged.

The MGate will stop working because of the above events, accompanied by a flashing Ready LED and a beeping alarm. When you replace the MGate gateway's microSD card, the microSD card will synchronize the configurations stored on the MGate gateway. Note that the replacement microSD card should not contain any configuration files on it; otherwise, the out-of-date configuration will be copied to the MGate device.

3. Getting Started

Connecting the Power

The unit can be powered by connecting a power source to the terminal block:

1. Loosen or remove the screws on the terminal block.
2. Turn off the power source and then connect a 12–48 VDC power line to the terminal block.
3. Tighten the connections using the screws on the terminal block.
4. Turn on the power source.



NOTE

The unit does not have an on/off switch. It automatically turns on when it receives power. The PWR LED on the top panel will glow to show that the unit is receiving power. For power terminal block pin assignments, refer to the [Power Input and Relay Output Pinouts](#) section in *Chapter 2*.

Connecting Serial Devices

The MGate 5114 supports Modbus serial devices. Before connecting or removing the serial connection, first make sure the power is turned off. For the serial port pin assignments, see the [Pin Assignments](#) section in *Chapter 2*.

Connecting to a Network

Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to the MGate's 10/100M Ethernet port and the other end of the cable to the Ethernet network. The MGate will show a valid connection to the Ethernet in the following ways:

- The Ethernet LED maintains a solid green color when connected to a 100 Mbps Ethernet network.
- The Ethernet LED maintains a solid orange color when connected to a 10 Mbps Ethernet network.
- The Ethernet LED will flash when Ethernet packets are being transmitted or received.

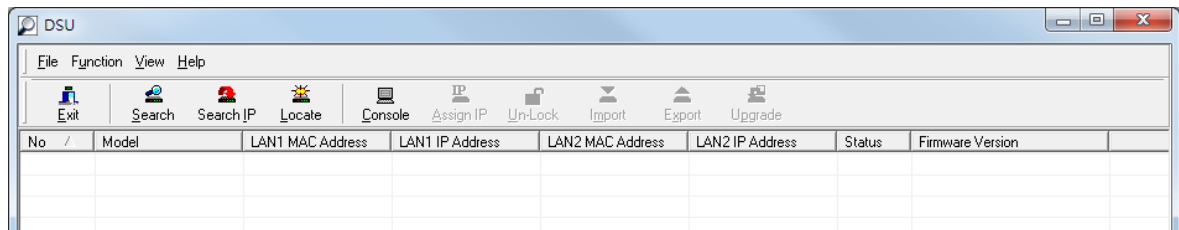
Installing DSU Software

If you do not know the MGate gateway's IP address when setting it up for the first time (default IP is *192.168.127.254*); use an Ethernet cable to connect the host PC and MGate gateway directly. If you connect the gateway and host PC through the same Ethernet switch, make sure there is no router between them. Use the **Device Search Utility (DSU)** to detect the MGate gateways on your network. Download DSU (Device Search Utility) from Moxa's website: www.moxa.com.

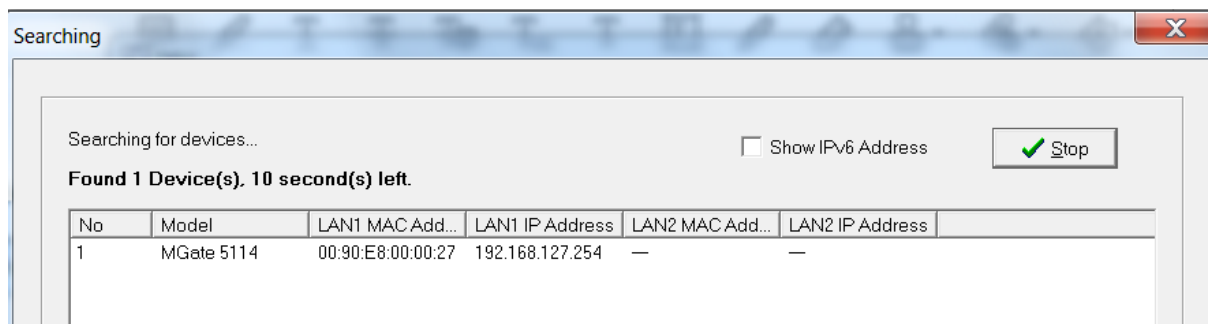
The following instructions explain how to install the DSU, a utility to search for MGate 5114 units on a network.

1. Locate and run the following setup program to begin the installation process:
dsu_setup_[Version]_Build_[DateTime].exe
This version might be named **dsu_setup_Ver2.x_Build_xxxxxxxx.exe**
2. You will be greeted by the Welcome window. Click **Next** to continue.
3. When the **Select Destination Location** window appears, click **Next** to continue. You may change the destination directory by first clicking on **Browse...**
4. When the **Select Additional Tasks** window appears, click **Next** to continue. You may select **Create a desktop icon** if you would like a shortcut to the DSU on your desktop.
5. Click **Install** to start copying the software files.
6. A progress bar will appear. The procedure should take only a few seconds to complete.
7. A message will indicate that the DSU is successfully installed. Choose to run it immediately by selecting **Launch DSU**.
8. You may also open the DSU through **Start > Programs > MOXA > DSU**.

The DSU window should appear as shown below.



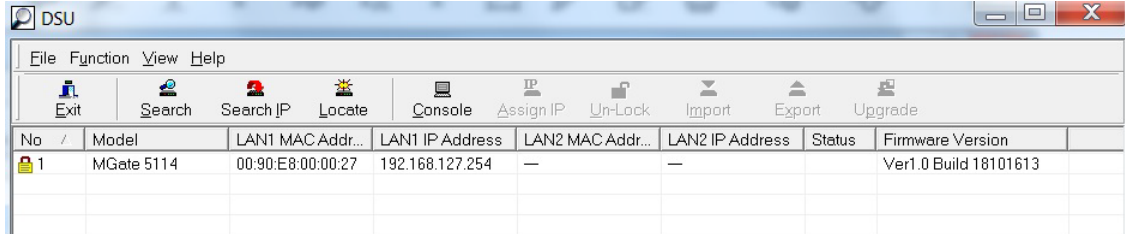
Select **Search**, and a new Search window will pop up.



Log In to the Web Console

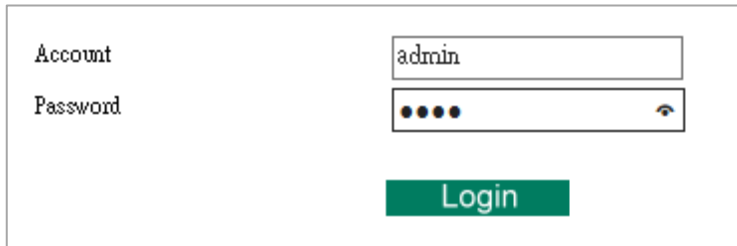
Use the Web console to configure the MGate through Ethernet or verify the MGate's status. Use a web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer or Google Chrome to connect to the MGate, using the HTTP/HTTPS protocol.

When the MGate gateway appears on the DSU device list, select the gateway and right-click the mouse button to open a web console to configure the gateway.



No	Model	LAN1 MAC Addr...	LAN1 IP Address	LAN2 MAC Addr...	LAN2 IP Address	Status	Firmware Version
1	MGate 5114	00:90:E8:00:00:27	192.168.127.254	—	—		Ver1.0 Build 18101613

On the first page of the web console, enter **admin** for the default Account name and **moxa** for the default password.

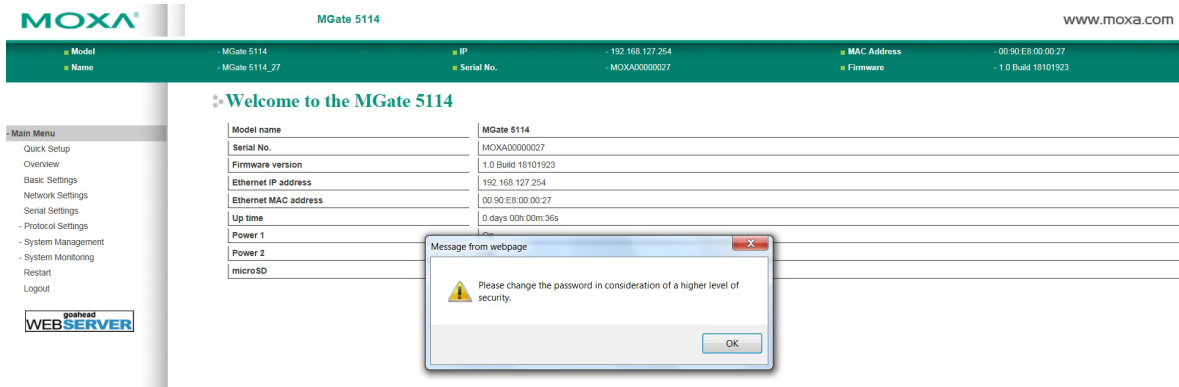


Account: admin

Password: [masked]

Login

When you log in to the web console for the first time, a message will pop up. Emphasizing a higher security level, we suggest you change the password.



MOXA MGate 5114 www.moxa.com

Model: MGate 5114 IP: 192.168.127.254 MAC Address: 00:90:E8:00:00:27
Name: MGate 5114_27 Serial No.: MOXA00000027 Firmware: 1.0 Build 18101923

Welcome to the MGate 5114

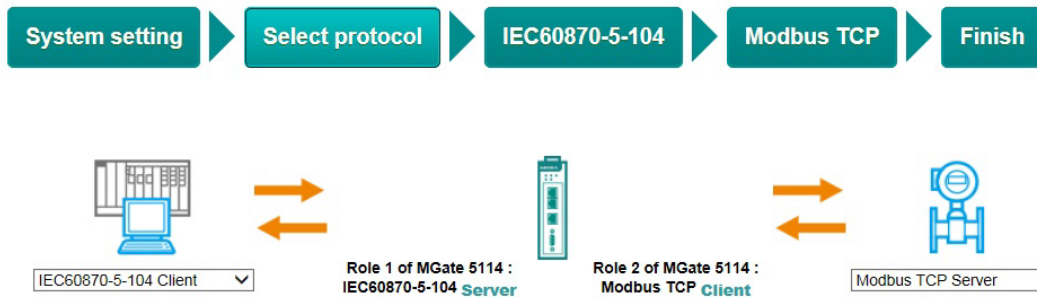
Model name: MGate 5114
Serial No.: MOXA00000027
Firmware version: 1.0 Build 18101923
Ethernet IP address: 192.168.127.254
Ethernet MAC address: 00:90:E8:00:00:27
Up time: 0 days 00h:00m:36s
Power 1: [unreadable]
Power 2: [unreadable]
microSD: [unreadable]

Message from webpage: Please change the password in consideration of a higher level of security. OK

The password can be changed in the following path: **System Management > Misc. Settings > Account Management**.

Quick Setup

The MGate Series provides a Quick Setup Wizard, an illustrated guide specifically designed to make the configuration process easy. The Quick Setup wizard takes you through the configuration process from start to finish so that you do not miss any steps. The following agent modes are supported in the Quick Setup:



Here are the protocol conversion combinations:

Device 1	Device 2
IEC 60870-5-104 Client	Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave
IEC 60870-5-104 Client	Modbus TCP Server
IEC 60870-5-104 Client	IEC 60870-5-101 Slave
IEC 60870-5-101 Master	Modbus TCP Server
IEC 60870-5-101 Master	IEC 60870-5-104 Server
Modbus TCP Client	IEC 60870-5-101 Slave
Modbus TCP Client	IEC 60870-5-104 Server
Modbus RTU/ASCII Master	IEC 60870-5-104 Server

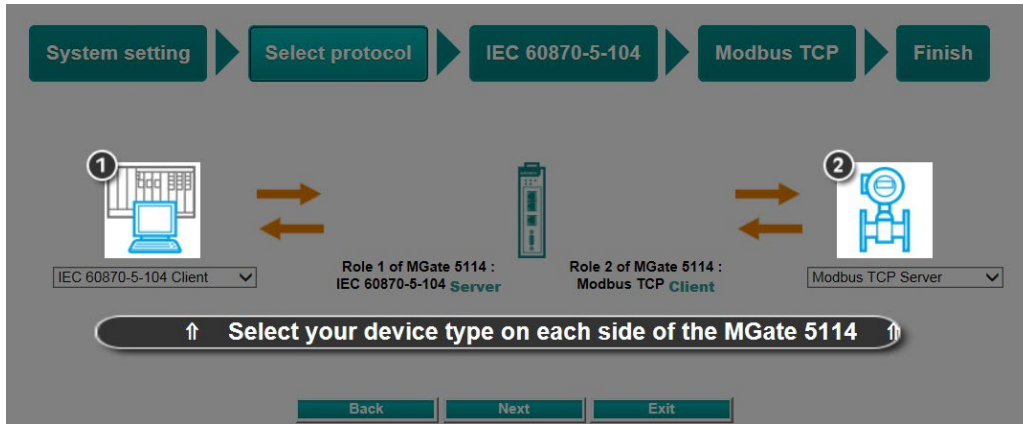
Quick Setup—System Setting

First, configure the **Server Settings** to identify the units and **Network Settings** of the MGate.

The screenshot shows the 'System setting' step of the Quick Setup Wizard. The flow is: System setting → Select protocol → IEC 60870-5-104 → Modbus TCP → Finish. The 'Server Settings' section includes a 'Server name' field with the value 'MGate 5114_27'. The 'Network Settings' section includes an 'IP configuration' dropdown set to 'Static', an 'IP address' field with '192.168.127.254', a 'Netmask' field with '255.255.255.0', and an empty 'Gateway' field. At the bottom, there are 'Next' and 'Exit' buttons.

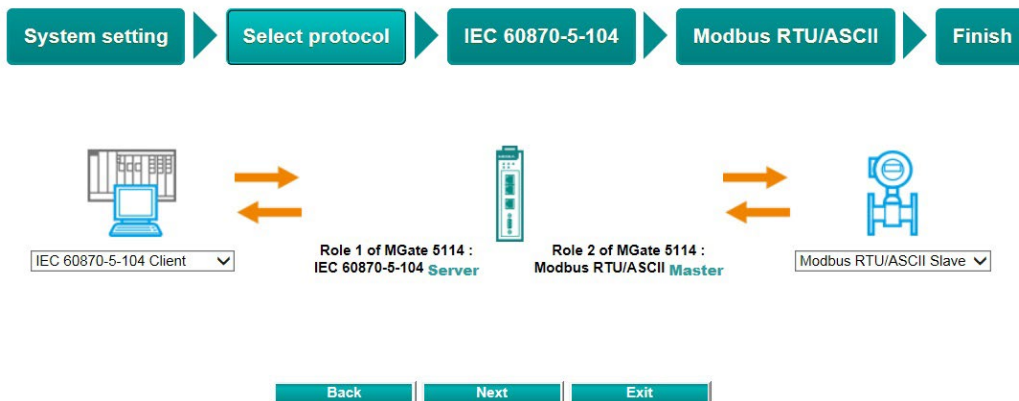
Quick Setup—Select Protocol

Then, select your device's protocols on each side. After selection, the MGate will automatically change to its proper role. For example, if the device is set as a IEC 60870-5-104 client, the MGate will then automatically configure as an IEC 60870-5-104 server by itself. Regarding protocol configuration, refer to *Chapter 4*.



Quick Setup—Configure Role 1 and Role 2

After finishing the device protocol selection, Role 1 and Role 2 of MGate will be confirmed. You will need to configure the roles on each side by the following these steps. Here is an example of Role 1 as an IEC 60870-5-104 server, and Role 2 as a Modbus RTU/ASCII master.



IEC 60870-5-104 Server settings: Configure COT size, ASDU address, and Listen port.

System setting → Select protocol → IEC 60870-5-104 → Modbus RTU/ASCII → Finish

Mode selection: Slave

Basic Settings

COT size: 1 2

ASDU address: (1 - 65534)

Listen port: (1024 - 60000)

Back Next Exit

Modbus RTU/ASCII Master settings: Set Mode selection, Serial Parameters Settings and Modbus Commands.

System setting → Select protocol → IEC 60870-5-104 → Modbus RTU/ASCII → Finish

Modbus Mode

Mode selection: Modbus RTU

Serial Parameter Settings

Baud rate	Parity	Data bit	Stop bit	Flow control	Interface	RTS on delay	RTS off delay
115200	Even	8	1	None	RS-232	0	0

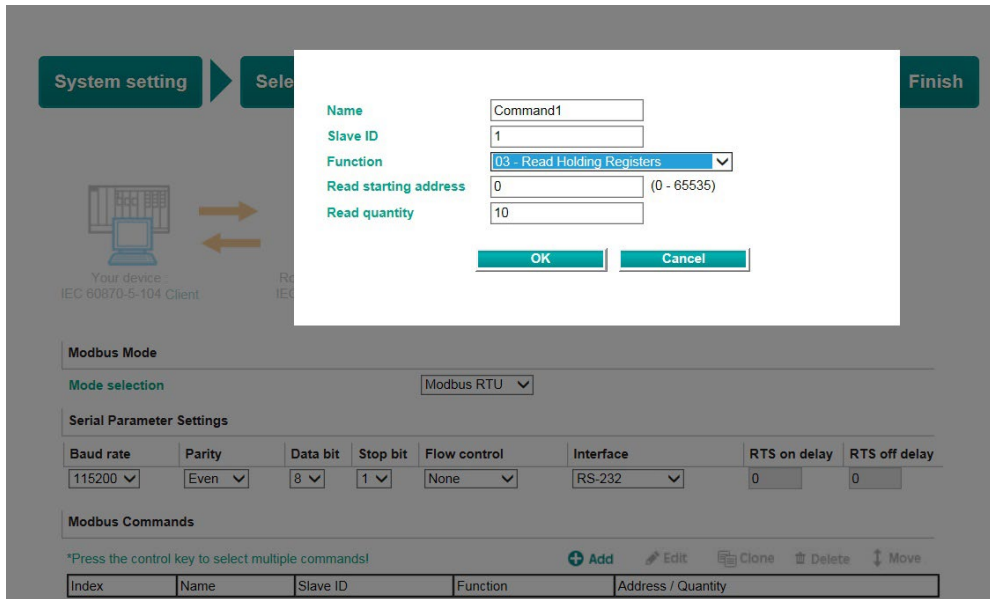
Modbus Commands

*Press the control key to select multiple commands! + Add Edit Clone Delete Move

Index	Name	Slave ID	Function	Address / Quantity

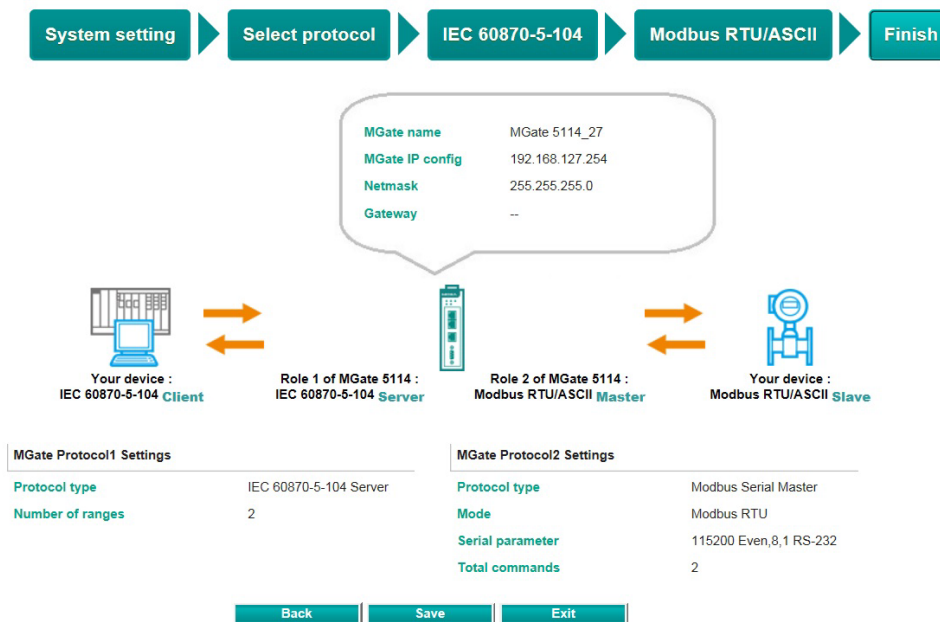
Back Next Exit

Modbus Command settings: For configuration details, refer to Chapter 4.



Quick Setup—Finish

Once all the configurations are done, check if the parameters are correct on this webpage. Select **Save** to make the parameters effective.



To view IEC 60870-5-104 and Modbus mapping status, select I/O data mapping. It will go to the Protocol Settings > I/O Data Mapping page. For additional details, refer to Chapter 4, [Protocol Settings—I/O Data Mapping](#).



4. Web Console Configuration and Troubleshooting

This chapter provides a quick overview of how to configure the MGate 5114 via the web console.

Overview

This section summarizes the MGate 5114 status.

Welcome to MGate 5114

Model name	MGate 5114
Serial No.	MOXA00000027
Firmware version	1.0 Build 18101517
Ethernet IP address	192.168.127.254
Ethernet MAC address	00:90:E8:00:00:27
Up time	0 days 00h:02m:13s
Power 1	On
Power 2	Off
microSD	Not Detected

Basic Settings

On this webpage, you can change the name of the device and time zone settings.

Basic Settings

Server Settings	
Server name	<input type="text" value="MGate 5114_27"/>
Server location	<input type="text"/>
Time Settings	
Time zone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London ▼
Local time	2018 / 10 / 15 11 : 06 : 11
Time source	NTP ▼
Time server	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Submit"/>	

Server Setting

Parameter	Value	Description
Server name	(an alphanumeric string)	Enter a name to help you identify the unit, such as the function, etc.
Server location	(an alphanumeric string)	Enter a name to help you identify the unit location. Such as "Cabinet A001."

Time Settings

The MGate 5114 has a built-in real-time clock for time calibration functions. Functions such as the log function can add real-time information to the message.



ATTENTION

First-time users should select the time zone first. The console will display the "real time" according to the time zone relative to GMT. If you would like to change the real-time clock, select **Local time**. The MGate's firmware will modify the GMT time according to the time zone.

Parameter	Value	Description
Time zone	User's selectable time zone	This field shows the currently selected time zone and allows you to select a different time zone.
Local time	User's adjustable time.	(1900/1/1-2037/12/31)
Time server	IP or Domain address (e.g., 192.168.1.1 or time.stdtime.gov.tw)	This optional field specifies your time server's IP address or domain name if a time server is used on your network. The module supports SNTP (RFC-1769) for automatic time calibration. The MGate will request time information from the specified time server every 10 minutes.
Time source	NTP or Protocol	Select the way to do time synchronization



ATTENTION

If the dispersion of the time server is higher than that of the client (MGate), the client will not accept NTP messages from the time server. The MGate's dispersion is 1 s. You must configure your time server with a dispersion value lower than 1 s. for the NTP process to complete.

Network Settings

The Network Settings is where the unit's network settings are configured. Change the IP Configuration, IP Address, Netmask, Default Gateway, and DNS.

⚙️ Network Settings

Network Settings	
IP configuration	Static <input type="button" value="v"/>
IP address	<input type="text" value="192.168.127.254"/>
Netmask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
Gateway	<input type="text"/>
DNS server 1	<input type="text"/>
DNS server 2	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Submit"/>	

Parameter	Value	Description
IP configuration	Static IP, DHCP, BOOTP	Select Static IP if you are using a fixed IP address. Select one of the other options if the IP address is set dynamically.
IP address	192.168.127.254 (or other 32-bit number)	The IP (Internet Protocol) address identifies the server on the TCP/IP network.
Netmask	255.255.255.0 (or other 32-bit number)	This identifies the server as belonging to a Class A, B, or C network.
Gateway	0.0.0.0 (or other 32-bit number)	This is the IP address of the router that provides network access outside the server's LAN.
DNS server 1	0.0.0.0 (or other 32-bit number)	This is the IP address of the primary domain name server.
DNS server 2	0.0.0.0 (or other 32-bit number)	This is the IP address of the secondary domain name server.

Serial Settings

The MGate 5114's serial interface supports RS-232, RS-422, and RS-485 interfaces. You must configure the baudrate, parity, data bits, and stop bits before using the serial interface with Modbus RTU/ASCII or IEC 60870-5-101 protocol. Incorrect settings will cause communication failure.

Serial Settings

Port	Baud rate	Parity	Data bit	Stop bit	Flow control	FIFO	Interface	RTS on delay	RTS off delay
1	115200	Even	8	1	None	Enable	RS-232	0	0

Parameter	Value	Description
Baudrate	Supports standard baudrates (bps): 50/75/110/134/150/300/600/1200/1800/ 2400/4800/7200/9600/19200/38400/ 57600/115200/ 230.4k/460.8k/921.6k	
Parity	None, Odd, Even, Mark, Space	
Data bits	7,8	
Stop bits	1, 2	
Flow control	None, RTS/CTS, RTS Toggle	The RTS Toggle will turn off the RTS signal when there is no data to be sent. If there is data to be sent, the RTS toggle will turn on the RTS signal before a data transmission and turn off after the transmission is completed.
FIFO	Enable, Disable	The internal buffer of the UART. Disabling FIFO can reduce the latency time when receiving data from serial communications, but this will also slow down the throughput.
Interface	RS-232, RS-422, RS-485 2 wire, RS-485 4 wire	
RTS on delay	0 to 100 ms	Only available for RTS Toggle
RTS off delay	0 to 100 ms	Only available for RTS Toggle

RTS Toggle

The RTS Toggle function is used for **RS-232** mode only. This flow-control mechanism is achieved by toggling the RTS pin in the transmission direction. When activated, data will be sent after the RTS pin is toggled ON for the specified time interval. After the data transmission is finished, the RTS pin will toggle OFF for the specified time interval.

Protocol Settings (Agent Mode)

A typical MGate 5114 application consists of a PSCADA as a client/master and a field device as a server/slave. Both these components use different protocols and hence need a gateway in between to exchange data. The MGate can do the role of a gateway by acting as the server/slave when it is connected to PSCADA and the client/master when it is connected to a field device. Therefore, to configure an MGate, you must:

1. Select the correct protocols in the Protocol Conversion setting.
2. Configure MGate's Role 1 and Role 2. Configure the master side first, followed by the slave side.



NOTE

We suggest you configure the client/master side first and then the server/slave side.

3. After the MGate configuration is completed, click **I/O data mapping** to view details on exchanging data with the PSCADA.

The following sections contain detailed MGate configuration instructions organized as per the above outline.

Protocol Settings—Protocol Conversion

The MGate 5114 supports Modbus RTU/ASCII, Modbus TCP, IEC 60870-5-101, and IEC 60870-5-104 protocols. The MGate fulfills a different role on each of its sides. Each role is determined by your device's settings. Therefore, set the role of each of your devices correctly.

Below are the protocol combinations of the MGate 5114.

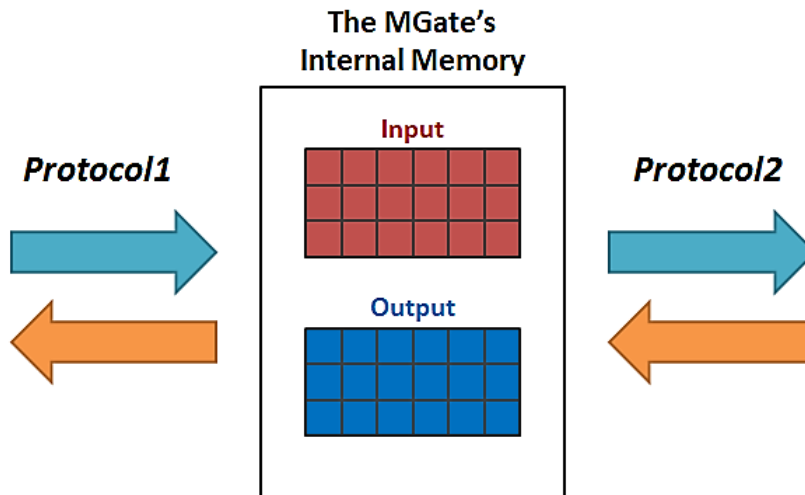
Protocol Conversion



Device 1	Device 2
IEC 60870-5-104 Client	Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave
IEC 60870-5-104 Client	Modbus TCP Server
IEC 60870-5-104 Client	IEC 60870-5-101 Slave
IEC 60870-5-101 Master	Modbus TCP Server
IEC 60870-5-101 Master	IEC 60870-5-104 Server
Modbus TCP Client	IEC 60870-5-101 Slave
Modbus TCP Client	IEC 60870-5-104 Server
Modbus RTU/ASCII Master	IEC 60870-5-104 Server

The MGate 5114 runs Agent mode when it is used for various different protocol conversions. In agent mode, the MGate 5114 uses internal memory to exchange data.

The MGate's internal memory is divided into two parts, one for input and the other for output, as shown in the illustration below. The internal memory concept is shown in the figure below:



To learn more about MGate's internal memory, refer to [Protocol Settings—I/O Data Mapping](#).

After protocol selection, we must configure each side of MGate's role. In a typical application, one side of MGate will be set as a server/slave and the other side will be set as a client/master. You will find the corresponding lists under **Protocol Settings**. The following configuration settings are possible:

- A1. Modbus TCP Client (Master) Settings
- A2. Modbus RTU/ASCII Master Settings
- A3. Modbus TCP Server (Slave) Settings
- A4. Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave Settings
- A5. IEC 60870-5-104 Client Settings
- A6. IEC 60870-5-101 Master Settings
- A7. IEC 60870-5-104 Server Settings
- A8. IEC 60870-5-101 Slave Settings

Protocol Settings—Modbus TCP Client (Master) Settings

Modbus TCP Settings

Role Client

Client Settings

Initial delay (0 - 30000 ms)

Max. retry (0 - 5)

Response timeout (10 - 120000 ms)

Modbus Commands

+ Add Edit Clone Delete Move

Index	Name	Slave IP Address	Slave ID	Function	Address / Quantity	Trigger	Poll Interval	Endian Swap
Submit								

Client Settings

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Initial delay	0 to 30000 ms	0	Some Modbus servers/slaves may take more time to boot up than other devices. In some environments, this may cause the entire system to suffer from repeated exceptions during the initial boot-up. After booting up, you can force the MGate to wait before sending the first request with the Initial Delay setting.
Max. retry	0 to 5	3	This is used to configure how many times the MGate will try to communicate with the Modbus server/slave when the Modbus command times out.
Response timeout	10 to 120000 ms	1000	The time taken by a server/slave device to respond to a request is defined by the device manufacturer based on the Modbus standard. A Modbus client/master can be configured to wait a certain amount of time for a server/slave's response. If no response is received within the specified time, the client/master will disregard the request and continue operation. This allows the Modbus system to continue the operation even if a server/slave device is disconnected or faulty. On the MGate 5114, the Response timeout field is used to configure how long the gateway will wait for a response from a Modbus server/slave. Refer to your device manufacturer's documentation to manually set the response timeout.

Add Modbus Commands

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Name	(an alphanumeric string)	Command1	Max. 32 characters
Slave IP address	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	The IP address of a remote server/slave device.
Port	1 to 65535	502	The TCP port number of a remote server/slave device.
Slave ID	1-255	1	The Modbus slave ID
Function	1—Read Coils 2—Read Discrete Inputs 3—Read Holding Registers 4—Read Inputs Registers 5—Write Single Coil 6—Write Single Register 15—Write Multiple Coils 16—Write Multiple Registers 23—Read/Write Multiple Registers		When a message is sent from a client to a server device, the function code field tells the server what kind of action to perform.
Trigger	Cyclic Data Change Disable		Disable: The command is never sent Cyclic: The command is sent cyclically at the interval specified in the Poll Interval parameter. Data change: The data area is polled for changes at the time interval defined by Poll Interval. A command is issued when a change in data is detected.
Poll interval	10 to 1200000 ms	1000	Polling intervals are in milliseconds. Since the module sends all requests in turn, the actual polling interval also depends on the number of requests in the queue and their parameters, such as baudrate, device response time, etc.
Endian swap	None Byte Word Byte and Word	None	Data Byte Swapping None: Don't need to swap Byte: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0B, 0x0A, 0x0D, 0x0C Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0C, 0x0D, 0x0A, 0x0B. Byte and Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0D, 0x0C, 0x0B, 0x0A.
Read starting address	0-65535	0	Modbus register address.

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Read quantity	Read Coils: 1 to 2000 Read Discrete Inputs: 1 to 2000 Read Inputs Registers: 1 to 125 Read Holding Registers: 1 to 125 Read/Write Multiple Registers: 1 to 125	10	Specifying how many items to read.
Write starting address	0 to 65535	0	Modbus register address.
Write quantity	Write Multiple Coils: 1 to 1968 Write Multiple Registers: 1 to 123 Read/Write Multiple Registers: 1 to 123	1	Specifying how many items to write into.
Fault protection	Keep latest data Clear all data bits to 0 Set to user-defined value		If MGate's connection to the other side (server/slave) fails, the gateway will not be able to receive data, but the gateway will continuously send output data to the Modbus TCP server device. To avoid problems in this case, the MGate 5114 can be configured to react in one of the following three ways: Keep latest data, clear data to zero, set the data bits to user-defined values.
Fault value		00 00	The user-defined values to write into the data bits when the Set to user-defined value option is selected.
Fault timeout	100 to 65535 ms.	6000	Defines the communication timeout for the opposite side.

Protocol Settings—Modbus RTU/ASCII Master Settings

⚙️ Modbus RTU/ASCII Settings



Role: Master
 Mode: RTU

Master Settings

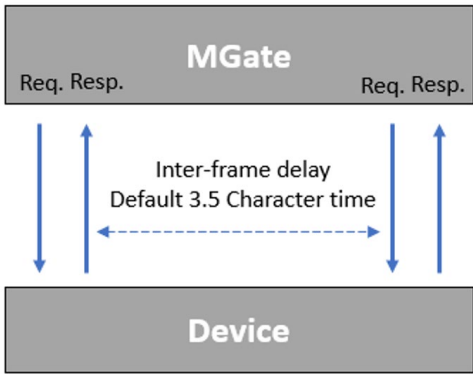
Initial delay: (0 - 30000 ms)
 Max. retry: (0 - 5)
 Response timeout: (10 - 120000 ms)
 Inter-frame delay: (10 - 500 ms, 0: default)
 Inter-character timeout: (10 - 500 ms, 0: default)

Modbus Commands

+ Add Edit Clone Delete Move

Index	Name	Slave ID	Function	Address / Quantity	Trigger	Poll Interval	Endian Swap
<input type="button" value="Submit"/>							

Master Settings

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Mode	RTU or ASCII	RTU	The Modbus protocol type
Initial delay	0 to 30000 ms.	0	Some Modbus servers/slaves may take more time to boot up than other devices. In some environments, this may cause the entire system to suffer from repeated exceptions during the initial boot-up. After booting up, you can force the MGate to wait before sending the first request with the Initial Delay setting.
Max. retry	0 to 5	3	The number of times the client/master will retry the same request when the response times out.
Response timeout	10 to 120000 ms	1000	According to the Modbus standard, the time it takes for a server/slave device to respond to a request is defined by the device manufacturer. Based on this response time, a client/master can be configured to wait a certain amount of time for a server/slave's response. If no response is received within the specified time, the client/master will disregard the request and continue operation. This allows the Modbus system to continue operations even if a server/slave device is disconnected or faulty. On the MGate 5114, the Response timeout field is used to configure how long the gateway will wait for a response from a Modbus ASCII or RTU server/slave. Refer to your device manufacturer's documentation to manually set the response time.
Inter-frame delay (only for Modbus RTU)	10 to 500 ms	0	<p>Defines the time interval between an RTU response and the next RTU request. When the baudrate is lower than 19200 bps, the default value is 0, which is 3.5-character time. When the baudrate is larger than 19200 bps, the MGate uses a predefined fixed value that is not user configurable. This function solves the issue that some devices can't handle RTU requests that quickly, so the MGate opens to user-defined values.</p> <p>How to calculate Modbus character time? E.g., if the baudrate is 9600 bps, 1 character time is about 1 ms. In a serial frame (11 bits, including start bit, data, parity bit, and stop bit), 9600 bps approximately equals 960 characters/s, so transmitting 1 character needs about $1/960 = 1$ ms.</p> 
Inter-character timeout (only for Modbus RTU)	10 to 500 ms	0	The time interval between characters in one frame. When the baudrate is lower than 19200 bps, the default value is 0, which is 1.5-character time. When the baudrate is larger than 19200 bps, the MGate uses a predefined fixed value that is not user configurable. When the serial side of the MGate receives one character, and the next one comes after the "inter-character timeout" defined, the frame will be discarded because of timeout.

Add Modbus Commands

Refer to *Modbus TCP Client (Master) Settings*.

Protocol Settings—Modbus TCP Server (Slave) Settings

Modbus TCP Settings

Your device : Modbus TCP Client ↔ Role 1 of MGate 5114 : Modbus TCP Server ↔ Role 2 of MGate 5114 : IEC 60870-5-101 Master ↔ Your device : IEC 60870-5-101 Slave

Role: Server

Server Settings

Unit ID: (1 - 255)

TCP port:

Server Settings

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Unit ID	1 to 255	1	The Modbus slave ID that this server/slave module will accept.
TCP port	1 to 65535	502	The TCP port number.

Protocol Settings—Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave Settings

Modbus RTU/ASCII Settings

Your device : Modbus RTU/ASCII Master ↔ Role 1 of MGate 5114 : Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave ↔ Role 2 of MGate 5114 : IEC 60870-5-104 Client ↔ Your device : IEC 60870-5-104 Server

Role: Slave

Mode: RTU

Slave Settings

Slave ID: (1 - 255)

Slave Settings

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Mode	RTU or ASCII	RTU	The Modbus protocol type
Slave ID	1 to 255	2	The Modbus slave ID that this server/slave module will accept.

Protocol Settings—IEC 60870-5-104 Client Settings

IEC104 Client Setting



Role Client

Basic Settings

COT size 1 2

Originator address (0 - 255)

Advanced Settings ⊖

k (1 - 32)

w (1 - 32)

T0 timeout (1 - 3000000 ms)

T1 timeout (1 - 3000000 ms)

T2 timeout (1 - 3000000 ms)

T3 timeout (1 - 172800000 ms)

Server List

➕ Add ✎ Edit 📄 Clone 🗑 Delete ↕ Move

Index	Device Name	IP Port	ASDU Address
Submit			

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
COT size	1 to 2	2	Set the size of ASDU COT field
Originator address	0 to 255	0	The address of the IEC 60870-5-104 client
k	1 to -32	12	Maximum number of unacknowledged I-format transmitted APDUs
w	1 to 32	8	Maximum number of unacknowledged I-format received APDUs
T0 timeout	1 to 3000000 ms.	1000	Timeout of determination if a connection has been lost with the remote server
T1 timeout	1 to 3000000 ms.	15000	Timeout while waiting for acknowledgement of a transmitted APDU
T2 timeout	1 to 3000000 ms.	10000	Timeout for when to send S-format to the host to acknowledge outstation messages received
T3 timeout	1 to 172800000 ms.	20000	Timeout for sending test frame to prevent from long idle state

Add IEC 60870-5-104 Server List

Server Settings

IEC 60870-5-104 Client Settings > Server Settings



Basic Settings

Device name:

IP address: : (1024 - 60000)

ASDU address: (1 - 65534)

General Interrogation Setting

Initial general interrogation:

Cyclic general interrogation interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-1 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-2 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-3 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-4 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-5 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-6 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-7 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-8 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-9 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-10 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-11 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-12 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-13 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-14 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-15 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-16 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Counter Interrogation Setting

Initial counter interrogation:

Cyclic counter interrogation interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-1 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-2 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-3 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-4 interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Advanced Settings

Timestamp reference:

Enable cse active termination:

Enable cmd active termination:

Wait terminate timeout: (1 - 100 s)

Initial clock sync:

Cyclic clock sync interval: (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Endian Swap:

Select/Execute Mode:

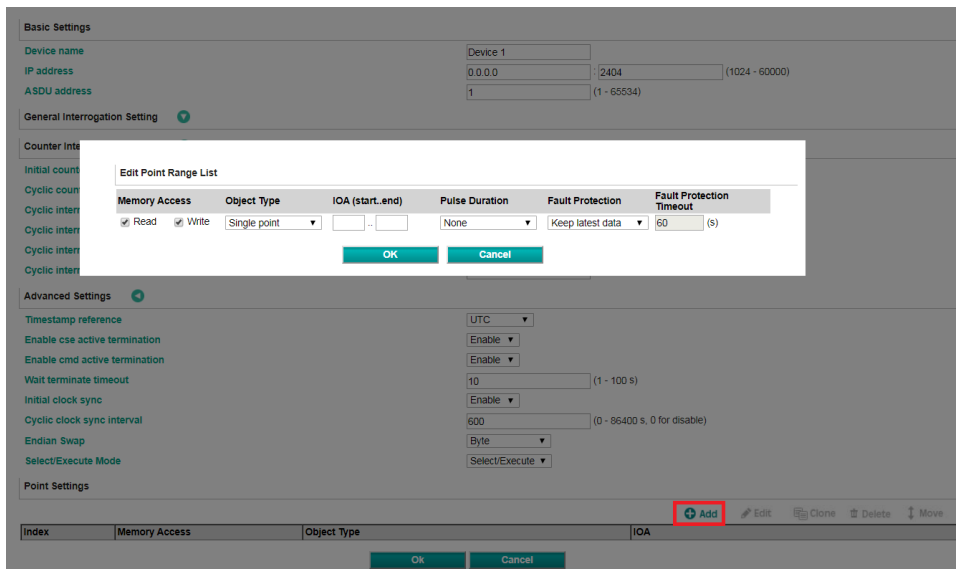
Point Settings

Index	Memory Access	Object Type	IOA
<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Clone"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Move"/>			

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Device name	An alphanumeric string	Device 1	Enter a name to help you identify the unit, such as the function, etc.
IP address	IP: 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 TCP port: 1024 - 60000	0.0.0.0:2404	Shows the IP address of the IEC 60870-5-104 server to which the MGate connects to
ASDU address	0 to 65534	1	Shows the ASDU address of the IEC 60870-5-104 server to which the MGate connects to

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Initial general interrogation	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-104 client performs a general interrogation with the server after connecting
Cyclic general interrogation interval	0 to 86400 s; 0 for disable	600	General interrogation polling intervals
Cyclic interrogation group interval	0 to 86400 s; 0 for disable	0	Interrogation group polling intervals
Initial counter interrogation	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-104 client counters interrogation with the server after connecting
Cyclic counter interrogation interval	0 to -86400 s; 0 to disable	600	Counter interrogation polling intervals
Cyclic interrogation counter group interval	0 to 86400 s; 0 to disable	0	Interrogation counter group polling intervals
Timestamp reference	UTC, Local time	UTC	Command with timestamp refers to UTC or local time.
Enable cse active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-104 client expects ACT TERM from slave upon completion of commands CSENA, CSENB, CSENC
Enable cmd active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-104 client expects ACT TERM from slave upon completion of commands CSCNA, CDCNA, CRCNA, CBONA
Wait termination timeout	1 to 100 s.	10	The period waiting for ACT TERM from the server upon completion of all control commands
Initial clock sync	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-104 client synchronizes the clock of the IEC 60870-5-104 server after connecting
Cyclic clock sync interval	0 to 86400 s; 0 to disable	600	Cyclic clock sync command polling intervals
Endian swap	None Byte Word Byte and Word	None	Data Byte Swapping None: Don't need to swap Byte: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0B, 0x0A, 0x0D, 0x0C Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0C, 0x0D, 0x0A, 0x0B Byte and Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0D, 0x0C, 0x0B, 0x0A,
Select/Execute mode	Select/Execute, Execute Only	Select/Execute	Select/Execute: Writes occur with a dual command/response from the device. Execute Only: Writes occur with a single command/response from the device.

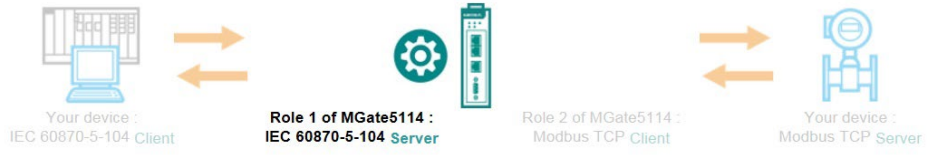
When connecting to an IEC 60870-5-104 server, add the objects you want to collect and configure them.



Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Memory Access—Read/Write	Check or uncheck	Check	To define the read/write capability of the object
Object Type	Single point, Double point, Step position, Bitstring of 32 bits, Measured value (Normalized), Measured value (Scaled), Measured value (Floating), Integrated totals	Single point	The server object that the MGate would like to collect
IOA (start...end)	1 to 16777215	-	Set a range of IOA
Pulse Duration	None, Short Pulse, Long Pulse, Persistent Output	None	-
Fault Protection	Keep latest data Clear all data bits to 0 Set to user-defined value	Keep latest data	If the MGate's connection to the other side (server/slave) fails, the gateway will not be able to receive data, but the gateway will continuously send output data to the Modbus TCP server device. To avoid problems in this case, the MGate 5114 can be configured to react in one of the following three ways: Keep latest data, clear data to zero, set the data bits to user-defined values.
Fault Protection Timeout	1 to 86400 s.	60s	Defines the communication timeout for the opposite side.

Protocol Settings—IEC 60870-5-104 Server Settings

IEC 60870-5-104 Server Setting



Role Server

Basic Settings

COT size 1 2

ASDU address (1 - 65534)

Listen port (1024 - 60000)

Advanced Settings ⌵

k (1 - 32)

w (1 - 32)

T1 timeout (1 - 3000000 ms)

T2 timeout (1 - 3000000 ms)

T3 timeout (1 - 172800000 ms)

Advanced Settings - Application Layer ⌵

Timestamp reference

Enable cse active termination

Enable cmd active termination

Select timeout (Select/Execute) (0 - 600 s, 0 for executing only)

General interrogation timestamp format

Event timestamp format

Measured value cyclic timestamp format

Measured value spontaneous

Measured value(Normalized) cyclic interval (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)

Measured value(Scaled) cyclic interval (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)

Measured value(Floating) cyclic interval (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)

Point status timeout (5 - 3600 s, 0 for disable)

Endian swap

Point Settings

+ Add Edit Clone Delete Move

Index	Memory Access	Object Type	IOA
Submit			

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
COT size	1 to -2	2	Set the size of ASDU COT field
ASDU address	1 to 65534	3	The address of the IEC 60870-5-104 server
Listen port	1024-60000	2404	Set IEC 60870-5-104 server listen port
k	1 to -32	12	Maximum number of unacknowledged I-format transmitted APDUs
w	1 to 32	8	Maximum number of unacknowledged I-format received APDUs
T1 timeout	1 to -3000000 ms.	15000	Timeout while waiting for acknowledgement of a transmitted APDU
T2 timeout	1 to 3000000 ms.	10000	Timeout of when to send S-format to the host acknowledge to acknowledge slave messages received
T3 timeout	1 to -172800000 ms.	20000	Timeout for sending test frame to prevent from long idle state
Timestamp reference	Local time	UTC	Command with timestamp refers to UTC or local time.

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Enable cse active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	Send ACT TERM to Master upon completion of commands CSENA, CSENB, CSENC.
Enable cmd active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	Send ACT TERM to Master upon completion of commands CSCNA, CDCNA, CRCNA, CBONA
Select timeout	0 to 600 s; 0 for executing only	10	0: Do not need to receive a select command before receiving an execute command Others: A valid execute command must be received within the timeout after receiving the selected command
General interrogation time tag	None 24 bits 56 bits	None	General interrogation response with/without timestamp
Event timestamp format	None 24 bits 56 bits	56 bits	Event with/without timestamp
Measured value cyclic timestamp format	None 24 bits 56 bits	None	Measured value cyclic with/without timestamp
Measured value spontaneous	Enable/disable	Enable	Enable/disable spontaneous feature
Measured value (Normalized) cyclic interval	0 to 2073600 s; 0 to disable	0	Cyclic sends measured value (normalized value)
Measured value (Scaled) cyclic interval	0 to -2073600 s; 0 to disable	0	Cyclic sends measured value (scaled value)
Measured value (Floating) cyclic interval	0 to 2073600 s; 0 to disable	0	Cyclic sends measured value (short floating-point number)
Point status timeout	5 to 3600 s.; 0 to disable	60	Check the MGate's internal memory to see if the object points updated periodically. Once the timeout happens, the object point's flag will change to "invalid".
Endian swap	None Byte Word Byte and Word	Byte	Data Byte Swapping None: Don't need to swap Byte: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0B, 0x0A, 0x0D, 0x0C Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0C, 0x0D, 0x0A, 0x0B. Byte and Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0D, 0x0C, 0x0B, 0x0A.

When MGate functions as an IEC 60870-5-104 server, you have to create the object space to put the data coming from Modbus TCP/RTU/ASCII or IEC 60870-5-101 at the other side. The points can be defined in the range, and can be set as station interrogation or group interrogation. Then, the data can be monitored or controlled by your IEC 60870-5-104 client.

Edit Point Range List

Memory Access	Object Type	IOA (start..end)	Group
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Read <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Write	Measured value(S)	1 .. 1	Interrogated by station interrogation
IOA Threshold ? Low Limit ? High Limit ?			
1: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="checkbox"/> 0			

OK Cancel

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Memory Access – Read/Write	Check or uncheck	Check	To define the read/write capability of the object
Object Type	Single point, Double point, Step position, Bit string of 32 bits, Measured value (Normalized), Measured value (Scaled), Measured value (Floating), Integrated totals	Single point	The objects that MGate would like to collect
IOA (start...end)	1 to 16777215	-	Set a range of IOA
Group	Integrated by station interrogation, Integrated by group 1~16 interrogation	Integrated by station interrogation	The definition of the object
Threshold	Measured value (Normalized): 0 to 0xFFFF Measured value (Scaled): 0 to 65535 Measured value (Floating): 0 to 100000000	0	Event Trigger: Current Reported Value - Last Reported Value > Threshold
Low Limit	Measured value (Normalized): 0 to 0xFFFF Measured value (Scaled): -32768 to 32767 Measured value (Floating): -999999 to 100000000	0	Event Trigger: Current Reported Value < Low Limit Current Reported Value returns to above Low Limit
High Limit	Measured value (Normalized): 0 ~ 0xFFFF Measured value (Scaled): -32768 to 32767 Measured value (Floating): -999999 to 100000000	0	Event Trigger: Current Reported Value > High Limit Current Reported Value returns to below High Limit

Protocol Settings—IEC 60870-5-101 Master Settings

Configure parameters related to the IEC 60870-5-101 communication.

IEC 60870-5-101 Master Setting

Role Master

Basic Settings - Link Layer

Link mode Unbalanced Transmission Balanced Transmission

Link address size

Basic Settings - Application Layer

ASDU size 1 2

COT size 1 2

IOA size 1 2 3

Originator address (0 - 255)

Advanced Settings - Link Layer

Frame timeout (1 - 2073600000 ms)

Link confirm mode

Link layer retry (0 - 254)

Offline poll period (1 - 2073600 s)

Slave List

Index	Device Name	Data Link Address	ASDU Address
1	Device 1	3	3

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Link mode	Unbalanced Transmission/ Balanced Transmission	Unbalanced Transmission	The transmission modes of the IEC 60870-5-101 protocol
Link address size	1 to 2	2	Set the size of the Link address field specified in Link transactions for the relevant slave session
ASDU size	1 to 2	2	Set the size of the ASDU address field for the relevant slave session
COT size	1 to 2	1	Set the size of ASDU COT field
IOA size	1 to 3	2	Set the size of the IOA address field for the relevant slave session
Originator address	0 to 255	0	The address of the IEC 60870-5-101 master
Frame timeout	1 to 2073600000 ms.	15000	Timeout for the serial port to decide whether a frame is completely received or not
Link confirm mode	Always/Never	Always	Always: Mode for master to use SEND-CONFIRM frame Never: SEND-NO REPLY frame (Never) to send user data
Link layer retries	0 to 255	3	The number of retries when link confirmation times out
Offline poll period	1 to 2073600 s	10	Time for the master to wait before resend request status of the link to the slave after Trp timeout

After basic and advanced settings, configure the slave lists of which MGate you would like to connect to.

Slave Settings

IEC 60870-5-101 Master Settings > Slave Settings



Basic Settings

Device name

Link address (0 - 65534)

ASDU address (1 - 65534)

General Interrogation Setting

Initial general interrogation

Cyclic general interrogation interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-1 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-2 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-3 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-4 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-5 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-6 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-7 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-8 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-9 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-10 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-11 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-12 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-13 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-14 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-15 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation group-16 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Counter Interrogation Setting

Initial counter interrogation

Cyclic counter interrogation interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-1 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-2 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-3 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Cyclic interrogation counter group-4 interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Advanced Settings - Link Layer

Link confirm timeout (1 - 2073600000 ms)

Class 1 poll delay (0 - 2073600000 ms, 0 for disable)

Class 2 poll delay (0 - 2073600000 ms, 0 for disable)

Advanced Settings - Application Layer

Timestamp reference

Enable cse active termination

Enable cmd active termination

Wait terminate timeout (1 - 100 s)

Initial clock sync

Cyclic clock sync interval (0 - 86400 s, 0 for disable)

Endian Swap

Select/Execute Mode

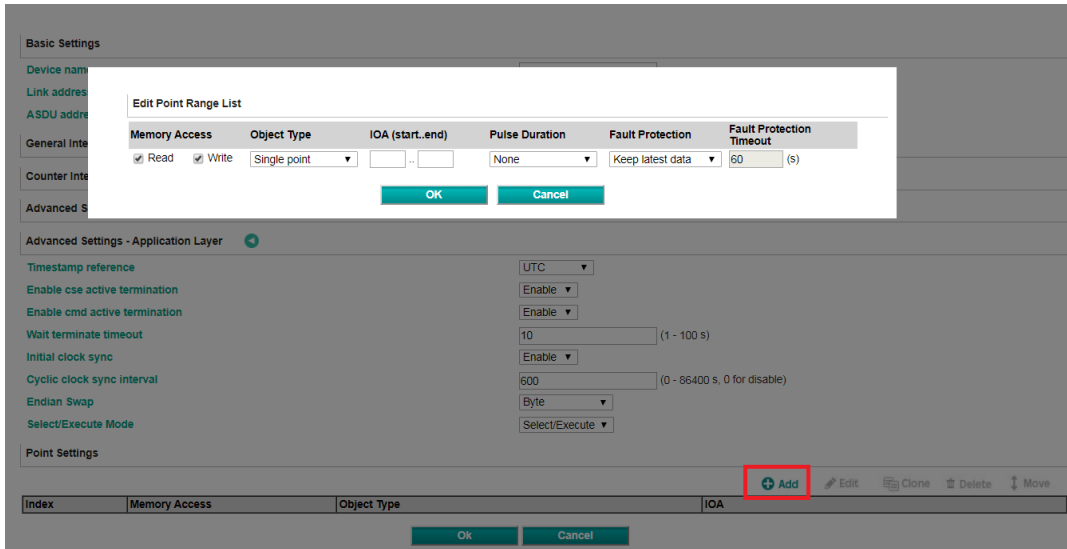
Point Settings

Index	Memory Access	Object Type	IOA

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Device name	An alphanumeric string	Device 1	Enter a name to help you identify the unit, such as the function, etc.
Link address	0 to 65534	3	Indicate the link address of the IEC 60870-5-101 slave that the MGate connects to

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
ASDU address	0 to 65534	3	Indicate the ASDU address of the IEC 60870-5-101 slave that the MGate connects to
Initial general interrogation	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master does general interrogation with slave or not
Cyclic general interrogation interval	0 to 86400s, 0 for disable	600	Cyclic general interrogation command polling time to IEC 60870-5-101 slave
Cyclic interrogation group interval	0 to 86400s, 0 for disable	0	Cyclic interrogation group command polling time to IEC 60870-5-101 slave
Initial counter interrogation	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master does counter interrogation with slave
Cyclic counter interrogation interval	0 to 86400s, 0 for disable	600	Cyclic counter interrogation command polling time to IEC 60870-5-101 slave
Cyclic interrogation counter group interval	0 to 86400s, 0 for disable	0	Cyclic interrogation counter polling time to IEC 60870-5-101 slave
Link confirm timeout	1 to 2073600000 ms.	2000	Timeout for repetition of frames in IECIEC 60870-5-101 data link layer(T0)
Class 1 poll delay	0 to 2073600000 ms. 0 for disable	0	Set the minimum milliseconds to delay between Class 1 polls for pending data
Class 2 poll delay	0 to 2073600000 ms. 0 for disable	500	Set the minimum milliseconds to delay between Class 2 polls for pending data
Timestamp reference	Local time	UTC	Command with timestamp references to UTC or local time.
Enable cse active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master expects ACT TERM from slave upon completion of commands CSENA, CSENB, CSENC
Enable cmd active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master expects ACT TERM from slave upon completion of commands CSCNA, CDCNA, CRCNA, CBONA
Wait terminate timeout	1 to 100s	10	The period waiting for ACT TERM from the slave upon completion of all control commands
Initial clock sync	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master synchronize clock of an IEC 60870-5-101 slave or not
Cyclic clock sync interval	0-86400s, 0 for disable	600	Cyclic clock sync command polling time to IEC 60870-5-101 slave
Endian swap	None Byte Word Byte and Word	Byte	Data Byte Swapping None: Don't need to swap Byte: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0B, 0x0A, 0x0D, 0x0C Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0C, 0x0D, 0x0A, 0x0B. Byte and Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0D, 0x0C, 0x0B, 0x0A.
Select/Execute mode	Select/Execute, Execute Only	Select/Execute	Select/Execute: Writes occur with a dual command/response from the device. Execute Only: Writes occur with a single command/response from the device.

When the MGate functions as an IEC 60870-5-101 master, create space to collect the data from the IEC 60870-5-101 slave device. The points can be defined in the range with different object types.



Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Memory Access – Read/Write	Check or uncheck	Check	To define the read/write capability of the object
Object Type	Single point, Double point, Step position, Bit string of 32 bits, Measured value (Normalized), Measured value (Scaled), Measured value (Floating), Integrated totals	Single point	The server object that MGate would like to collect
IOA(start...end)	1 to 16777215	-	Set a range of IOA
Pulse Duration	None, Short Pulse, Long Pulse, Persistent Output	None	-
Fault Protection	Keep latest data Clear all data bits to 0 Set to user-defined value	Keep latest data	If MGate’s connection to the other side (server/slave) fails, the gateway will not be able to receive data, but the gateway will continuously send output data to the Modbus TCP server device. To avoid problems in this case, the MGate 5114 can be configured to react in one of the following three ways: Keep latest data, clear data to zero, set the data bits to user-defined values.
Fault Protection Timeout	1 to 16777215s	60s	Defines the communication timeout for the opposite side.

Protocol Settings—IEC 60870-5-101 Slave Settings

IEC 60870-5-101 Slave Setting



Role: Slave

Basic Settings - Link Layer

Link mode: Unbalanced Transmission Balanced Transmission

Link address size: 2

Basic Settings - Application Layer

ASDU size: 1 2

COT size: 1 2

IOA size: 1 2 3

Basic Settings

Link address: 3 (0 - 65534)

ASDU address: 3 (1 - 65534)

Advanced Settings - Link Layer

Frame timeout: 15000 (1 - 207360000 ms)

Link confirm timeout: 2000 (1 - 207360000 ms)

Link layer retry: 3 (0 - 254)

Single char ack allowed: Disable

Single char response allow: Disable

Advanced Settings - Application Layer

Timestamp reference: UTC

Enable cse active termination: Enable

Enable cmd active termination: Enable

Select timeout (Select/Execute): 10 (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for executing only)

General interrogation timestamp format: 24bits

Event timestamp format: 56bits

Measured value cyclic timestamp format: None

Measured value spontaneous: Enable

Measured value(Normalized) cyclic interval: 0 (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)

Measured value(Scaled) cyclic interval: 0 (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)

Measured value(Floating) cyclic interval: 0 (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)

Point status timeout: 60 (5 - 3600 s, 0 for disable)

Endian swap: Byte

Point Settings

Buttons: Add, Edit, Clone, Delete, Move

Index	Memory Access	Object Type	IOA
Submit			

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Link mode	Unbalanced Transmission/ Balanced Transmission	Unbalanced Transmission	The transmission modes of the IEC 60870-5-101 protocol
Link address size	1 to 2	2	Set the size of the Link address field specified in Link transactions for the relevant slave session
ASDU size	1 to 2	2	Set the size of the ASDU address field for the relevant slave session
COT size	1 to -2	1	Set the size of ASDU COT field
IOA size	1 to 3	2	Set the size of the IOA address field for the relevant slave session
Link address	0 to 65534	3	Indicate the MGate's link address of IEC 60870-5-101 slave
ASDU address	1 to 65534	3	Indicate the MGate's ASDU address of IEC 60870-5-101 slave

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Frame timeout	1 to 2073600000 ms.	15000	Timeout for the serial port to decide whether a frame is completely received or not
Link confirm timeout	1 to 2073600000 ms.	2000	Timeout for repetition of frames in IEC 60870-5-101 data link layer(T0)
Link layer retries	0 to 254	3	The number of retries when link confirmation times out
Single char ack allowed	Enable/Disable	Disable	Slave will transmit a single character ACK instead of a confirm for SEND-CONFIRM frame
Single char response allow	Enable/Disable	Disable	The slave will transmit a single character response instead of a response for a REQUEST-RESPONSE frame
Timestamp reference	UTC, Local Time	UTC	Command with timestamp references to UTC or local time.
Enable cse active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master expects ACT TERM from slave upon completion of commands CSENA, CSENB, CSENC
Enable cmd active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master expects ACT TERM from slave upon completion of commands CSCNA, CDCNA, CRCNA, CBONA
Select timeout	0 to 2073600s, 0 for executing only	10	0: Do not need to receive a select command before receiving an execute command Others: A valid execute command must be received within the timeout after receiving the selected command
General interrogation time tag	None 24 bits 56 bits	24 bits	General interrogation response with/without timestamp
Event timestamp format	None 24 bits 56 bits	56 bits	Event with/without timestamp
Measured value cyclic timestamp format	None 24 bits 56 bits	None	Measured value cyclic with/without timestamp
Enable cmd active termination	Enable/Disable	Enable	IEC 60870-5-101 master expects ACT TERM from slave upon completion of commands CSCNA, CDCNA, CRCNA, CBONA
Measured value(N)cyclic interval	0 to 2073600s, 0 for disable	0	Cyclic sends Measured value, normalized value
Measured value(S)cyclic interval	0 to 2073600s, 0 for disable	0	Cyclic sends Measured value, scaled value
Measured value(F)cyclic interval	0 to 2073600s, 0 for disable	0	Cyclic sends Measured value, short floating-point number
Point Status Timeout	0: Disabled 5 to 3600 second	60	If the data objects don't update within a period, the timeout will happen with an invalid flag for the object.

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Endian Swap	None Byte Word Byte and Word	Byte	Data Byte Swapping None: Don't need to swap Byte: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0B, 0x0A, 0x0D, 0x0C Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0C, 0x0D, 0x0A, 0x0B. Byte and Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0D, 0x0C, 0x0B, 0x0A.

When the MGate acts as an IEC 60870-5-101 slave, create the object space to put the data coming from Modbus TCP or IEC 60870-5-104 on the other side. The points can be defined in the range with different object types. Then, the data can be monitored or controlled by your IEC 60870-5-101 master.

Edit Point Range List

Memory Access	Object Type	IOA (start..end)	Group
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Read <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Write	Measured value(S)	1 .. 1	Interrogated by station interrogation
IOA Threshold ? Low Limit ? High Limit ?			
1: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="checkbox"/> 0			
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
Memory Access – Read/Write	Check or uncheck	Check	To define the read/write capability of the object
Object Type	Single point, Double point, Step position, Bitstring of 32 bits, Measured value (Normalized), Measured value (Scaled), Measured value (Floating), Integrated totals	Single point	The objects that MGate would like to collect
IOA (start...end)	1-16777215	-	Set a range of IOA
Group	Integrated by station interrogation, Integrated by group 1 to 16 interrogation	Integrated by station interrogation	The definition of the objects
Threshold	Measured value (Normalized): 0 to 0xFFFF	0	Event Trigger: Current Reported Value - Last Reported Value > Threshold
Low Limit	Measured value (Scaled): 0 to 65535	0	Event Trigger: Current Reported Value < Low Limit Current Reported Value returns to above Low Limit
High Limit	Measured value (Floating): 0 to 100000000	0	Event Trigger: Current Reported Value - Last Reported Value > Threshold

Protocol Settings—I/O Data Mapping

After you have configured each side (client/master and server/slave) of the MGate settings, the PSCADA/PLC in the master role will start monitoring and controlling the remote slave device. The MGate uses its internal memory to facilitate data exchange. The I/O Data Mapping page shows the complete mapping status. There are two communication directions: read and write directions. Change the settings of data flow direction to show read or write mapping status.


For example, see the read direction example: The MGate 5114 as Modbus RTU/ASCII client/master and IEC 60870-5-104 server. It shows how an IEC 60870-5-104 client reads data from a Modbus RTU/ASCII server/slave device.

As you can see, the Modbus RTU client/master sends a "Read_command" to read the value from the Modbus server/slave device. If an IEC 60870-5-104 client wants to read the value from the "read_command", it has to read the data from "Measured value(N)" IOA "1" because of the same internal address. If you find that the data mapping is not correct, you can change the setting of Mapping address arrangement from "Automatic" to "Manual". Then, you can adjust the internal address yourself.


⚙️ Data Mapping

Data flow direction: IEC 60870-5-104 Client ← Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave


Mapping address arrangement: Automatic




Your device :
IEC 60870-5-104 Client




read



Your device :
IEC 60870-5-104 Server



read



Your device :
Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave

Type	IOA	Internal Address	Data Size
Measured value(Normalized) (value)	1 - 1	0	2 bytes

Name	Function	Internal Address	Quantity
Read_command	3	0	2 bytes

Submit

System Management

System Management—Accessible IP List

⚙️ Accessible IP List

- Activate the accessible IP list (Protocol communications are NOT allowed for the IPs NOT on the list)
- Apply additional restrictions (All device services are NOT allowed for the IPs NOT on the list)

No.	Active	IP	Netmask
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>

These settings are used to restrict access to the module by IP address. Only IP addresses on the list will be allowed access to the device. The restriction difference listed in the table below: (check box "Apply additional restrictions" only can be activated if "Active the accessible IP list" is activated).

Active the accessible IP list	Apply additional restrictions	IPs on the list (Active checked)	IPs NOT on the list (Active NOT checked)
✓		All protocol communication and services* are allowed.	Protocol communication is not allowed, but services* are still allowed.
✓	✓	All protocol communication and services* are allowed.	All services* are not allowed.

*Services indicates HTTP, HTTPS, TELNET, SSL, SNMP, SMTP, DNS, NTP, DSU (Device Search Utility)

You may add a specific address or range of addresses by using a combination of an IP address and a netmask as follows:

To allow access to a specific IP address: Enter the IP address in the corresponding field; enter 255.255.255.255 for the netmask.

To allow access to hosts on a specific subnet: For both the IP address and netmask, use 0 for the last digit (e.g., "192.168.1.0" and "255.255.255.0").

To allow access to all IP addresses: Make sure that **Enable the accessible IP list** is not checked. These settings are used to restrict access to the module by IP address. Only IP addresses on the list will be allowed access to the device. You may add a specific address or range of addresses by using a combination of an IP address and a netmask as follows:

Additional configuration examples are shown in the following table:

Allowed hosts	Entered IP address/Netmask
Any host	Disable "Accessible IP List" function
192.168.1.120	192.168.1.120 / 255.255.255.255
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
192.168.0.1 to 192.168.255.254	192.168.0.0 / 255.255.0.0
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.126	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.128
192.168.1.129 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.128 / 255.255.255.128

System Management—DoS Defense

Users can select from several options to enable DoS Defense to fend off cybersecurity attacks. A denial-of-service (DoS) attack is an attempt to make a machine or a network resource unavailable. Users can select from the following options to counter DoS attacks.

DoS Defense

Configuration

Null Scan

NMAP-Xmas Scan

SYN/FIN Scan

FIN Scan

NMAP-ID Scan

SYN-Flood

Enable

Limit (pkt/s)

ICMP-Death

Enable

Limit (pkt/s)

System Management—System Log Settings

The system log settings enable the MGate firmware to record important events, which can be recorded in two ways: Syslog and Local Log (stored in the MGate).

System Log Settings

Event Group	Syslog	Local Log	Summary
System	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	System cold start, System warm start
Network	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	DHCP/BOOTP get IP/renew, NTP connect fail, IP conflict, Network link down
Configuration	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Login fail, IP changed, Password changed, Firmware upgrade, SSL certificate import, Config import, Config export, Configuration change, Clear event log
Modbus TCP	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Modbus TCP communication logs
IEC 60870-5-101	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	IEC 60870-5-101 communication logs
IEC 60870-5-104	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	IEC 60870-5-104 communication logs

Local Log Settings

Enable log capacity warning at (%)

Warning by: SNMP Trap E-mail

Event log oversize action :

Syslog Settings

Syslog server IP

Syslog server port

The information that can be recorded includes the following events:

Event Group	Description
System	System Cold Start, System Warm Start
Network	DHCP/BOOTP Get IP/Renew, NTP Connect Fail, IP Conflict, Network Link Down
Configuration	Login Fail, IP Changed, Password Changed, Firmware Upgrade, SSL Certificate Import, Configuration Import/Export, Configuration Change, Clear Event Log
Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP communication logs
IEC 60870-5-101	IEC 60870-5-101 communication logs
IEC 60870-5-104	IEC 60870-5-104 communication logs

Local Log Settings	Description
Enable log capacity warning (%)	When the log amount exceeds the warning percentage, it will trigger an event to SNMP Trap or Email.
Warning by	SNMP Trap Email
Event log oversize action	Overwrites the oldest event log Stops recording event log

Syslog Settings	Description
Syslog server IP	IP address of a server that will record the log data
Syslog server port	514

System Management—Auto Warning Settings

Auto Warning Settings

System Event			
Cold start	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Trap <input type="checkbox"/>	
Warm start	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Trap <input type="checkbox"/>	
Power input 1 failure	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Trap <input type="checkbox"/>	Relay <input type="checkbox"/>
Power input 2 failure	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Trap <input type="checkbox"/>	Relay <input type="checkbox"/>
Ethernet 1 link down	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Trap <input type="checkbox"/>	Relay <input type="checkbox"/>
Ethernet 2 link down	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Trap <input type="checkbox"/>	Relay <input type="checkbox"/>
Config Event			
Console login failed	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>	Trap <input type="checkbox"/>	
IP changed	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>		
Password changed	Mail <input type="checkbox"/>		

Auto Warning is triggered by different events. When a checked trigger condition occurs, the MGate can send email alerts, SNMP Trap messages, or open/close the circuit of the relay output and trigger the Fault LED to start blinking. To enable an email alert, configure the email address on the **Email Alert** page. Likewise, to enable SNMP trap alerts, configure SNMP trap server on the **SNMP Trap** page.

System Management—Email Alert

E-Mail Alert

Mail Settings	
Mail server (SMTP)	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> My server requires authentication	
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
From e-mail address	<input type="text"/>
To e-mail address 1	<input type="text"/>
To e-mail address 2	<input type="text"/>
To e-mail address 3	<input type="text"/>
To e-mail address 4	<input type="text"/>

Parameters	Description
Mail server (SMTP)	The mail server's domain name or IP address.
Username	This field is for your mail server's username, if required.
Password	This field is for your mail server's password, if required.
From email address	This is the email address from which automatic email warnings will be sent.
To email addresses 1 to 4	Email addresses to which automatic email warnings will be sent.

System Management—SNMP Trap

SNMP Trap

SNMP Trap

SNMP trap server IP or domain name

Trap version v1 v2c

Trap community

Parameters	Description
SNMP trap server IP	Use this field to indicate the IP address to use for receiving SNMP traps.
Trap version	Use this field to select the SNMP trap version.
Trap community	Use this field to designate the SNMP trap community.

System Management—SNMP Agent

SNMP Agent Settings

Configuration

SNMP

Contact name

Read community string

Write community string

SNMP agent version

Read-only username

Read-only authentication mode

Read-only password

Read-only privacy mode

Read-only privacy

Read/write username

Read/write authentication mode

Read/write password

Read/write privacy mode

Read/write privacy

Parameters	Description
SNMP	To enable the SNMP Agent function, select the Enable option and enter a community name (e.g., public).
Contact name	The optional SNMP contact information usually includes an emergency contact name and telephone number.
Read community string	This is a text password mechanism that is used to weakly authenticate queries to agents of managed network devices.
Write community string	This is a text password mechanism that is used to weakly authenticate changes to agents of managed network devices.
SNMP agent version	The MGate 5114 supports SNMP V1, V2c, and V3.

Read-only and Read/write access control

The following fields allow you to define usernames, passwords, and authentication parameters for two levels of access: read-only and read/write. The name of the field will show which level of access it refers to. For example, **Read-only** authentication mode allows you to configure the authentication mode for read-only access, whereas **Read/write** authentication mode allows you to configure the authentication mode for read/write access. For each level of access, you may configure:

Parameters	Description
Username	Use this optional field to identify the username for the specified level of access.
Authentication mode	Use this field to select MD5 or SHA as the method of password encryption for the specified level of access, or to disable authentication.
Privacy mode	Use this field to enable or disable DES_CBC data encryption for the specified level of access.
Password	Use this field to set the password for the specified level of access.
Privacy	Use this field to define the encryption key for the specified level of access.

System Management—LLDP Settings

The Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) standardizes the method that devices on a network use to periodically send information about their configuration and status. This self-identification method keeps all LLDP devices on a network informed of each other's status and configuration. Use SNMP protocol to send the LLDP information on the network devices to Moxa's MXview to create an auto network topology and for network visualization.

The MGate web interface lets you enable or disable LLDP and set the LLDP transmit interval. In addition, you can go to **System Monitoring—System Status—LLDP Table** to view the MGate's neighbor-list, which is created based on the information reported by neighboring devices on the network.

LLDP Settings

Configuration

LLDP

Message transmit interval (5 - 16383 secs)

Parameters	Values	Description
Message transmit interval	5 to 16383 s. (Default:30 s.)	MGate will send information on the configuration and status of devices in a network at regular intervals based on the value configured here.

System Management—Certificate

Certificate

SSL Certificate

Issued to 192.168.127.254

Issued by 192.168.127.254

Valid from 2018/10/16 to 2028/10/13

Select SSL certificate file

Delete SSL certificate file

Use this function to load the Ethernet SSL certificate. Select or browse for the certificate file in the Select SSL certificate/key file field. This function is only available on the web console.

System Management—Misc. Settings

It includes console settings, passwords, and relay output.

System Management—Misc. Settings—Console Settings

⚙️ Console Settings

Configurations	
HTTP console	Enable ▼
HTTPS console	Enable ▼
Telnet console	Enable ▼
SSH console	Enable ▼
Serial console	Enable ▼
Reset button	Always enable ▼
MOXA command	Enable ▼
Session Settings	
Maximum login user for HTTP+HTTPS	<input type="text" value="5"/> (1 ~ 10)
Auto logout setting	<input type="text" value="1440"/> (1 ~ 1440 min)

Configuration	Value	Description
HTTP/HTTPS	Enable/Disable	This setting is to enable/disable the web console. For security issues, users can only enable HTTPS or just disable all settings.
Telnet/SSH	Enable/Disable	The MGate telnet/SSH function can be enabled or disabled.
Serial console	Enable/Disable	The MGate serial console function can be enabled or disabled.
Reset button protect	Disable after 60 sec, Always enable	MGate provides a reset button to clear passwords or load factory default settings. But for security issues, users can disable this function. In disabled mode, MGate will still enable this function within 60 seconds after boot-up, just in case users really need to reset this function.
MOXA command	Enable/Disable	The MGate can be searched by DSU. If you have any security concerns, you can choose Disable to deny DSU the right to access.

Session Settings	Value	Description
Maximum Login Users for HTTP+HTTPS	1 to 10	The number of users that can access the MGate simultaneously.
Auto Logout Setting	0 to 1440 min.	Sets the auto-logout period.

System Management—Misc. Settings—Notification Message

Notification Message

Notification Message

Login message

0 character/Maximum 240 character

Login authentication failure message

The account or password you entered is incorrect.
(Your account will be temporarily locked if excessive tried.)

111 character/Maximum 240 character

Users can input a message for Login or for Login authentication failure message.

System Management—Misc. Settings—Account Management

Account Management

Add Account Settings

[+ Add](#) [Edit](#) [Delete](#)

Account Name	Group
admin	admin
user	user

Submit

Parameters	Value	Description
Account	admin, user	Users can change the passwords for different accounts. MGate provides two different level accounts: admin and user . Admin account can access and change all the settings through the web console. User accounts can only view the settings and can't change anything.

System Management—Misc. Settings—Login Password Policy

⚙️ Login Password Policy

Account Password Policy

Minimum length (4 ~ 16)

Enable password complexity strength check

At least one digit(0-9)

Mixed upper and lower case letters(A-Z, a-z)

At least one special character: ~!@#\$\$%^&*~_!;:~<>[]{}()

Password lifetime (90 ~ 180 days)

Account Login Failure Lockout

Enable

Retry failure threshold (1 ~ 10 time)

Lockout time (1 ~ 60 min)

Submit

Account Password Policy	Value	Description
Minimum length	4 to 16	The minimum password length
Enable password complexity strength check		Select how the MGate checks the password's strength
Password lifetime	90 to 180 days	Set the password's lifetime period.

Account Login Failure Lockout	Value	Description
Retry failure threshold	1 to 10 times	Shows the number of login failures before the MGate locks out.
Lockout time	1 to 60 min	When the number of login failures exceeds the threshold, the MGate will lock out for a period.

System Management—Maintenance

System Management—Maintenance—Ping

This network testing function is available only on the web console. The MGate gateway will send an ICMP packet through the network to a specified host, and the result can be viewed in the web console immediately.

⚙️ Ping Test

Ping Destination

Destination

Activate

System Management—Maintenance—Firmware Upgrade

Firmware updates for the MGate 5114 are at www.moxa.com. After you have downloaded the new firmware onto your PC, you can use the web console to write it onto your MGate 5114. Select the desired unit from the list in the web console and click **Submit** to begin the process.

⚙️ Firmware Upgrade

!!! Warning !!!

Upgrading firmware may cause MGate devices to reset to factory default.
We suggest you back up the configuration of all MGate devices.

Select firmware file Browse...

Submit



ATTENTION

DO NOT turn off the MGate power before the firmware upgrade process is completed. The MGate will be erasing the old firmware to make room for the new firmware to flash memory. If you power off the MGate and terminate the progress, the flash memory will contain corrupted firmware and the MGate will fail to boot. If this happens, contact Moxa RMA services.

System Management—Maintenance—Configuration Import/Export

There are three main reasons for using the Import and Export functions:

- **Applying the same configuration to multiple units.** The Import/Export configuration function is a convenient way to apply the same settings to units located in different sites. You can export the configuration as a file and then import the configuration file onto other units at any time.
- **Backing up configurations for system recovery.** The export function allows you to export configuration files that can be imported onto other gateways to restore malfunctioning systems within minutes.
- **Troubleshooting.** Exported configuration files can help administrators identify system problems, which provide useful information for Moxa's Technical Service Team when maintenance visits are requested.

⚙️ Configuration Import/Export

Configuration Import

Select configuration file Browse...

Keep IP settings

Import

Configuration Export

Export

System Management—Maintenance—Load Factory Default

To clear all the settings on the unit, use the Load Factory Default to reset the unit to its initial factory default values.

⚙️ Load Factory Default

Click on **Submit** to reset all settings, including the console password, to the factory default values. To leave the IP address, netmask, and gateway settings unchanged, make sure that **Keep IP settings** is enabled.

Reset to Factory Default

Keep IP settings

Submit



ATTENTION

Load Default will completely reset the configuration of the unit, and all the parameters you have saved will be discarded. Do not use this function unless you are sure you want to completely reset your unit.

System Monitoring (Troubleshooting)

The MGate 5114 provides easy-to-use and useful troubleshooting tools. If a communication issue occurs, we suggest that you first check the **Protocol Status > Diagnostic** page for the status of the protocol. To analyze the Modbus RTU/ACSII/TCP or IEC 60870-5-101/104 traffic, view the network logs available at **Protocol Status > Traffic**.

System Monitoring—System Status

System Monitoring—System Status—Network Connections

Go to **Network Connections** under **System Status** to view network connection information.

⚙️ Network Connections

Auto refresh

Protocol	Recv-Q	Send-Q	Local Address	Foreign Address	State
TCP	0	0	*:2404	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:4900	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:80	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:22	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:23	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:443	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	192.168.127.254:80	192.168.127.1:58950	ESTABLISHED
UDP	0	0	*:161	*:0	
UDP	0	0	*:4800	*:0	

System Monitoring—System Status—System Log

Go to **Network Connections** under **System Status** to view network connection information.

⚙️ System Log

System Log

Export Clear log Refresh

System Monitoring—System Status—Relay State

The MGate gateway includes a built-in relay circuit that is triggered in the event of a power failure or if the Ethernet link is down. View the relay status on this page.

⚙️ Relay State

Auto refresh

Power input 1 failure	N/A	Acknowledge Event
Power input 2 failure	N/A	Acknowledge Event
Ethernet 1 link down	N/A	Acknowledge Event
Ethernet 2 link down	N/A	Acknowledge Event

System Monitoring—System Status—LLDP Table

See LLDP-related information, including Port, Neighbor ID, Neighbor Port, Neighbor Port Description, and Neighbor System.

⚙️ LLDP Table

Port	Neighbor ID	Neighbor Port	Neighbor Port Description	Neighbor System
sw0	ks-hsu01	port-001		KS-HSU01

System Monitoring—Protocol Status

System Monitoring—Protocol Status—I/O Data View

This page displays internal memory information for input and output data transfers. View updated values for communication verification here. This function is only available on the web console.

⚙️ I/O Data View

Auto refresh

Data flow direction: IEC 60870-5-104 Client -> Modbus RTU/ASCII Slave | Start address(Hex): 0 | Length: 128 | Format: Hex

Internal Address	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
0000h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0010h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0020h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0030h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0040h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0050h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0060h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0070h	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00

System Monitoring—Protocol Status—Diagnostics

The MGate provides status information for Modbus RTU/ASCII/TCP, IEC 60870-5-101, and IEC 60870-5-104 troubleshooting. Verify data or packet counters to ensure the communications are running smoothly.

Modbus RTU/ASCII Diagnostics (Master)

⚙️ Modbus RTU/ASCII Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Category	Item	Value
Modbus	Mode	RTU Master
	Sent request	1265
	Received valid responses	0
	Received invalid responses	0
	Received CRC/LRC errors	0
	Received exceptions	0
	Timeout	1264
Serial Port	Port number	1
	Break	0
	Frame error	0
	Parity error	0
	Overrun error	0

Modbus RTU/ASCII Diagnostics (Slave)

⚙️ Modbus RTU/ASCII Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Category	Item	Value
Modbus	Mode	RTU Slave
	Slave ID	2
	Received valid requests	0
	Received invalid requests	0
	Received CRC/LRC errors	0
	Sent responses	0
	Sent exceptions	0
Serial Port	Port number	1
	Break	0
	Frame error	0
	Parity error	0
	Overrun error	0

Modbus TCP Diagnostics (Client/Master)

⚙️ Modbus TCP Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Category	Item	Value
Modbus	Mode	Master
	Number of connections	0
	Sent requests	0
	Received valid responses	0
	Received invalid responses	0
	Received exceptions	0
	Timeout	0
Connections		

Modbus TCP Diagnostics (Slave/Server)

⚙️ Modbus TCP Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Category	Item	Value
Modbus	Mode	Slave
	Number of connections	0
	Received valid requests	0
	Received invalid requests	0
	Sent responses	0
	Sent exceptions	0
Connections		

IEC 60870-5-104 Diagnostics (Client)

⚙️ IEC 60870-5-104 Client Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Select connected device ▾

Device Details

Status Disconnected
 Latest COT 0x0000, UNDEFINED
 Error Message OK

Point Information

Single Point ▾

IOA	Value	Flags	Time Tag	Time Updated
1	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
2	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
3	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
4	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
5	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
6	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
7	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
8	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
9	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
10	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A

IEC 60870-5-104 Diagnostics (Server)

IEC 60870-5-104 Server Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Server Statistics

Error Message OK
Received Requests 0
Sent Non-spontaneous Responses 1
Sent Spontaneous Responses 0
Connected Client IP

Point Information

Single Point

IOA	Value	Flags	Time Tag	Point Status	Time Updated
1	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
2	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
3	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
4	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
5	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
6	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
7	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
8	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
9	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A
10	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:05:05	OK	N/A

IEC 60870-5-101 Diagnostics (Master)

IEC 60870-5-101 Master Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Select connected device Device 1

Device Details

Latest COT 0x0000, UNDEFINED
Error Message OK

Point Information

Single Point

IOA	Value	Flags	Time Tag	Time Updated
1	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
2	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
3	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
4	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
5	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
6	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
7	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
8	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
9	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A
10	OFF	VALID	1999-11-30 00:00:00	N/A

IEC 60870-5-101 Diagnostics (Slave)

IEC 60870-5-101 Slave Diagnostics

Auto refresh

Slave Statistics

Error Message	OK
Received Requests	0
Sent Non-spontaneous Responses	1
Sent Spontaneous Responses	0

Point Information

Single Point

IOA	Value	Flags	Time Tag	Point Status	Time Updated
1	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
2	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
3	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
4	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
5	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
6	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
7	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
8	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
9	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A
10	OFF	VALID	2018-10-16 10:08:33	OK	N/A

System Monitoring—Protocol Status—Traffic

To troubleshoot efficiently, the MGate provides a traffic monitoring function that can capture both Modbus RTU/ASCII and Modbus TCP communication logs, respectively. These logs present the data in an intelligent, easy-to-understand format with clearly designated fields, including source, destination, function code, and data. The complete log can be saved in a file by clicking **Export TXT File** or **Export PCAP File** for later analysis. For the PCAP file specifically, it is compatible with the popular troubleshooting tool Wireshark, with which you can easily find the root cause. Here is an example of Modbus TCP and IEC 60870-5-104 traffic.

Modbus TCP Traffic

Modbus TCP Traffic

Auto scroll

Capturing ...

No.	Time	Send/Receive	Remote IP : port	Slave ID	Function Code	Data
1	0.057	Send	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0A 00 00 00 06 01 03 00 01 00 01
2	0.079	Receive	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0A 00 00 00 05 01 03 02 00 00
3	1.056	Send	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0B 00 00 00 06 01 03 00 01 00 01
4	1.068	Receive	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0B 00 00 00 05 01 03 02 00 00
5	2.055	Send	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0C 00 00 00 06 01 03 00 01 00 01
6	2.067	Receive	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0C 00 00 00 05 01 03 02 00 00
7	3.055	Send	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0D 00 00 00 06 01 03 00 01 00 01
8	3.069	Receive	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0D 00 00 00 05 01 03 02 00 00
9	4.055	Send	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0E 00 00 00 06 01 03 00 01 00 01
10	4.067	Receive	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0E 00 00 00 05 01 03 02 00 00
11	5.056	Send	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0F 00 00 00 06 01 03 00 01 00 01
12	5.068	Receive	192.168.127.1:502	1	3	FF 0F 00 00 00 05 01 03 02 00 00

IEC 60870-5-104 Traffic

⚙️ IEC 60870-5-104 Traffic

Auto scroll

Start Stop Export TXT File Export PCAP File Capturing ...

No.	Time	Send/Receive	Remote IP : port	Data
1	7.017	Receive	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 06 00 10 00 64 01 06 04 03 00 00 00 14
2	7.023	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 10 00 08 00 64 01 07 04 03 00 00 00 14
3	7.023	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 50 12 00 08 00 02 0A 14 04 03 00 01 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 02 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 03 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 04 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 05 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 06 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 07 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 08 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 09 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 0A 00 00 80 00 AA 9B
4	7.024	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 13 14 00 08 00 0A 01 14 04 03 00 01 00 00 00 80 00 AA 9B
5	7.024	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 16 00 08 00 64 01 0A 04 03 00 00 00 14
6	12.435	Receive	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 08 00 18 00 64 01 06 04 03 00 00 00 14
7	12.443	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 18 00 0A 00 64 01 07 04 03 00 00 00 14
8	12.444	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 50 1A 00 0A 00 02 0A 14 04 03 00 01 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 02 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 03 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 04 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 05 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 06 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 07 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 08 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 09 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 0A 00 00 80 00 AA 9B
9	12.444	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 13 1C 00 0A 00 0A 01 14 04 03 00 01 00 00 00 80 00 AA 9B
10	12.444	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 1E 00 0A 00 64 01 0A 04 03 00 00 00 14
11	14.465	Receive	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 0A 00 20 00 64 01 06 04 03 00 00 00 14
12	14.473	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 0E 20 00 0C 00 64 01 07 04 03 00 00 00 14
13	14.474	Send	192.168.127.1:63543	68 50 22 00 0C 00 02 0A 14 04 03 00 01 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 02 00 00 80 00 AA 9B 03 00 00 80

Status Monitoring

For gateways in agent mode, if a server/slave device fails, or a cable comes loose, generally the gateway will not be able to receive up-to-date data from the server/slave device. The out-of-date data will be stored in the gateway's memory and will be retrieved by the client/master system, which will not be aware that the server/slave device is not providing up-to-date data. The 5114 supports the Status Monitoring function, which provides a warning mechanism to report the list of server/slave devices that are still active.

Scenario 1:

⚙️ Protocol Conversion

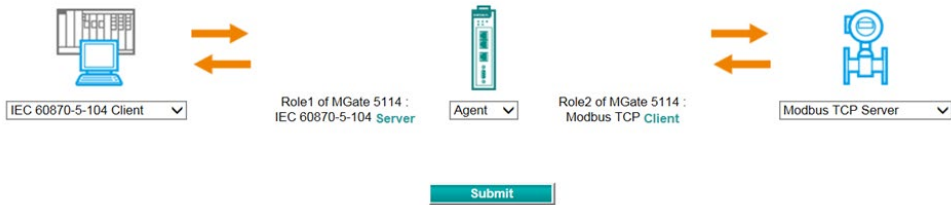


When the MGate acts as an IEC 60870-5-101 master, the MGate can connect up to 31 slave devices. When the MGate acts as an IEC 60870-5-104 client, the MGate can connect up to 32 connections. The MGate 5114 allocates the gateway's specified memory address to indicate whether the status of each device is normal or abnormal. In other words, the MGate allocates 32 bits (4 bytes) of memory to indicate the status of IEC 60870-5-101/104 slave devices. If a slave device has run successfully, the status value will continue to be 1. On the contrary, if a slave device has failed, the status value will be set to 0. Here is the Modbus address table for status monitoring.

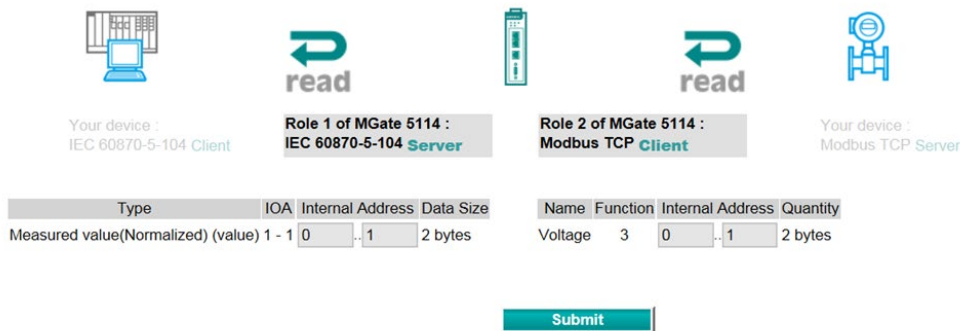
Modbus Address (Function Code 0x03)	Monitor IEC 60870-5-101/104 Slave Devices
4x60000	1 to 16 devices
4x60001	17 to 32 devices

Scenario 2:

Protocol Conversion



In this scenario, the MGate acts as a Modbus RTU/ASCII/TCP client, and the other side as an IEC 60870-5-104 server. When the MGate Modbus communication has an issue, the MGate uses the original IEC 60870-5-101/104 capability flag to indicate the object point status. For example, if the Modbus command "Voltage" is mapped to "Measured value (Normalized)", as shown below. When the Modbus command fails in a period that causes the internal memory to have no data change, the flag of IEC 60870-5-101/104 object will turn to "invalid."



About the timeout settings, you configure by the following path: **Protocol Settings > IEC 60870-5-101/104 Server/Salve > Advanced Settings > Application Layer > Point Status Timeout**

Advanced Settings - Application Layer

Enable cse active termination	Enable
Enable cmd active termination	Enable
Select timeout	10 (0 - 600 s, 0 for executing only)
General interrogation time tag	24bits
Event time stamp	56bits
Measured value(Normalized) cyclic interval	0 (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)
Measured value(Scaled) cyclic interval	0 (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)
Measured value(Floating) cyclic interval	0 (0 - 2073600 s, 0 for disable)
Point Status Timeout	60 (5 - 3600 s, 0 for disable)
Endian Swap	Byte

5. Configuration (Text-mode Console)

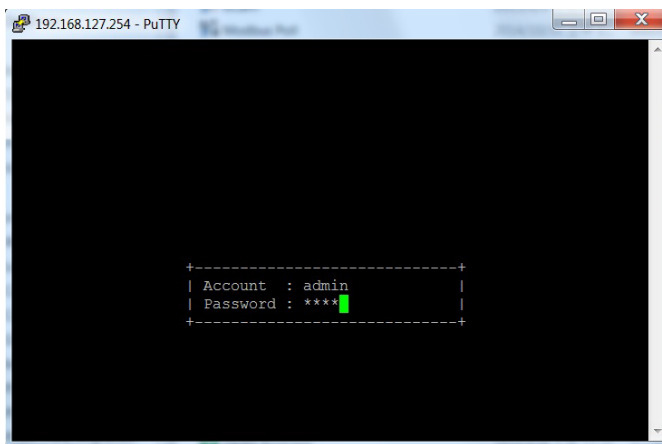
The MGate 5114 supports a text-mode console with serial interface, Telnet, and SSH protocols. The user interface is the same in all text-mode consoles. Note that the text-mode console does not support all configuration items. Some parameters must be configured through the web console.

You must use a DB9-to-RJ45 cable to connect the serial console port on the MGate gateway's front panel to the serial port on the host. The serial console parameters are 115.2 kbps; parity: none; 8 data bits; and one stop bit (115200, 8/N/1).

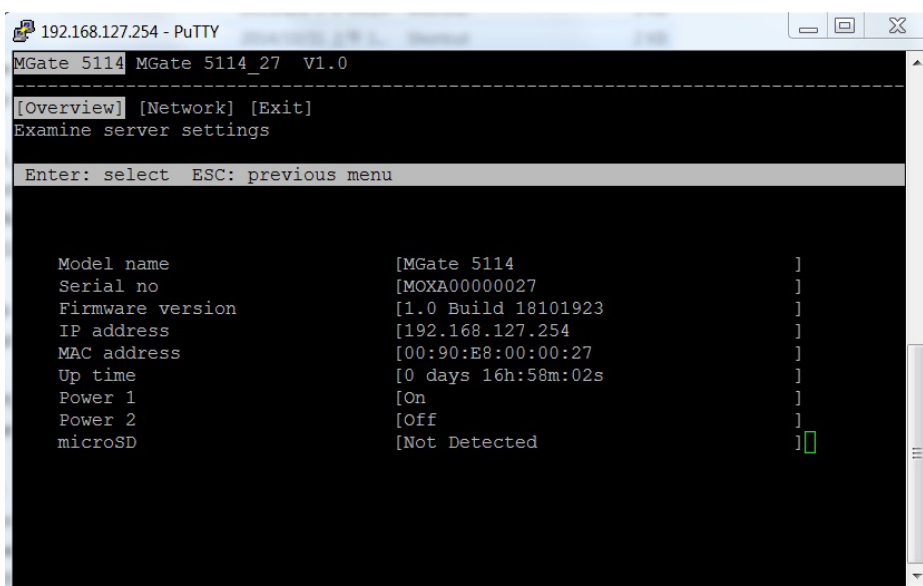
For Telnet and SSH, use HyperTerminal or PuTTY to connect to the MGate. Note that the telnet protocol will transfer the account and password information over the Internet using plain text, so telnet is essentially obsolete and should be replaced by the SSH protocol.

To connect to the MGate telnet/SSH console, load the telnet/SSH program and connect to the MGate IP address.

On the first page, input the account and password. The account supports two types of users: **admin** and **user**. An "admin" account can change all of the settings, but a "user" account can only review the settings. A "user" account cannot change the configuration. The default password for **admin** is **moxa**.



The text-mode console will display the menu-driven interface. Use the arrow keys to move the menu bar. To select the option, press the "Enter" key to go next level menu. To go previous level menu, press the "Esc" key to quit. If necessary, MGate will need to restart to activate the setting.



6. Network Management Tool (MXstudio)

Moxa's MXstudio industrial network management suite includes tools such as MXconfig, MXview and N-Snap. MXconfig is for industrial network configuration; MXview is for industrial management software; and N-Snap is for industrial network snapshot. The MXstudio suite in MGate 5114 includes MXconfig and MXview, which are used for mass configuration of network devices and monitoring network topology, respectively. The following functions are supported:

Tool	Function Support
MXconfig	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. System name and login password modification2. Network settings3. Configuration import/export4. Firmware upgrade
MXview	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Configuration import/export2. LLDP for topology analysis3. Security View**

**Security View can check the security level of devices in accordance with the IEC62443-4-2 standard. MGate 5114 supports Level 2 of the IEC-62443-4-2 standard.

A. SNMP Agents with MIB II and RS-232-like Groups

The MGate 5114 has built-in Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) agent software that supports SNMP Trap, RFC1317 and RS-232-like groups, and RFC 1213 MIB-II.

RFC1213 MIB-II Supported SNMP Variables

System MIB	Interfaces MIB	IP MIB	ICMP MIB
sysDescr	ifNumber	ipForwarding	icmpInMsgs
sysObjectID	ifIndex	ipDefaultTTL	icmpInErrors
sysUpTime	ifDescr	ipInReceives	icmpInDestUnreachs
sysContact	ifType	ipInHdrErrors	icmpInTimeExcds
sysName	ifMtu	ipInAddrErrors	icmpInParmProbs
sysLocation	ifSpeed	ipForwDatagrams	icmpInSrcQuenchs
sysServices	ifPhysAddress	ipInUnknownProtos	icmpInRedirects
	ifAdminStatus	ipInDiscards	icmpInEchos
	ifOperStatus	ipInDelivers	icmpInEchoReps
	ifLastChange	ipOutRequests	icmpInTimestamps
	ifInOctets	ipOutDiscards	icmpTimestampReps
	ifInUcastPkts	ipOutNoRoutes	icmpInAddrMasks
	ifInNUcastPkts	ipReasmTimeout	icmpInAddrMaskReps
	ifInDiscards	ipReasmReqds	icmpOutMsgs
	ifInErrors	ipReasmOKs	icmpOutErrors
	ifInUnknownProtos	ipReasmFails	icmpOutDestUnreachs
	ifOutOctets	ipFragOKs	icmpOutTimeExcds
	ifOutUcastPkts	ipFragFails	icmpOutParmProbs
	ifOutNUcastPkts	ipFragCreates	icmpOutSrcQuenchs
	ifOutDiscards	ipAdEntAddr	icmpOutRedirects
	ifOutErrors	ipAdEntIfIndex	icmpOutEchos
	ifOutQLen	ipAdEntNetMask	icmpOutEchoReps
	ifSpecific	ipAdEntBcastAddr	icmpOutTimestamps
		ipAdEntReasmMaxSize	icmpOutTimestampReps
		ipRouteDest	icmpOutAddrMasks
		ipRouteIfIndex	icmpOutAddrMaskReps
		ipRouteMetric1	
		ipRouteMetric2	
		ipRouteMetric3	
		ipRouteMetric4	
		ipRouteNextHop	
		ipRouteType	
		ipRouteProto	
		ipRouteAge	
		ipRouteMask	
		ipRouteMetric5	
		ipRouteInfo	
		ipNetToMediaIfIndex	
		ipNetToMediaPhysAddress	
		ipNetToMediaNetAddress	
		ipNetToMediaType	
		ipRoutingDiscards	

Address Translation MIB	TCP MIB	UDP MIB	SNMP MIB
atIfIndex	tcpRtoAlgorithm	udpInDatagrams	snmpInPkts
atPhysAddress	tcpRtoMin	udpNoPorts	snmpOutPkts
atNetAddress	tcpRtoMax	udpInErrors	snmpInBadVersions
	tcpMaxConn	udpOutDatagrams	snmpInBadCommunityNames
	tcpActiveOpens	udpLocalAddress	snmpInBadCommunityUses
	tcpPassiveOpens	udpLocalPort	snmpInASNParseErrs
	tcpAttemptFails		snmpInTooBigs
	tcpEstabResets		snmpInNoSuchNames
	tcpCurrEstab		snmpInBadValues
	tcpInSegs		snmpInReadOnlys
	tcpOutSegs		snmpInGenErrs
	tcpRetransSegs		snmpInTotalReqVars
	tcpConnState		snmpInTotalSetVars
	tcpConnLocalAddress		snmpInGetRequests
	tcpConnLocalPort		snmpInGetNexts
	tcpConnRemAddress		snmpInSetRequests
	tcpConnRemPort		snmpInGetResponses
	tcpInErrs		snmpInTraps
	tcpOutRsts		snmpOutTooBigs
			snmpOutNoSuchNames
			snmpOutBadValues
			snmpOutGenErrs
			snmpOutGetRequests
			snmpOutGetNexts
			snmpOutSetRequests
			snmpOutGetResponses
			snmpOutTraps
			snmpEnableAuthenTraps
			snmpSilentDrops
			snmpProxyDrops

RFC1317 RS-232-like Groups

RS-232 MIB	Async Port MIB
rs232Number	rs232AsyncPortIndex
rs232PortIndex	rs232AsyncPortBits
rs232PortType	rs232AsyncPortStopBits
rs232PortInSigNumber	rs232AsyncPortParity
rs232PortOutSigNumber	
rs232PortInSpeed	
rs232PortOutSpeed	

Input Signal MIB	Output Signal MIB
rs232InSigPortIndex	rs232OutSigPortIndex
rs232InSigName	rs232OutSigName
rs232InSigState	rs232OutSigState